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مدونة خـــــواجه
ترحب بكم
وتتمنى لكم أحلى الأوقات
كل عام وأنتم بخير

مذكرات فارس



Name: _____

Year _____ _____

The Knight Notes

مذكرة الفارس

Units 1 - 9

الصف الثاني الإعدادي

الفصل الدراسي الأول

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Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر إسلام أحمد

ازاى تحفظ كلمات الوحدة من غير ما تنساها؟!!!!!

أنا بقول لطلابى ان اليوم فيه ٥ أوقات للصلاة لو خصصنا قبل وبعد كل وقت صلاة حفظ كلمة يعنى ١٠ كلمات فى اليوم الواحد ولو افترضنا ان الكلمة حتاخد دقيقة يبقى فى اليوم الواحد خصصت ١٠ دقايق لحفظ عشر كلمات ولم أشعر بالملل ولا بالتعب ثانيا الاسبوع فيه ٧ أيام يعني المحصلة حتكون ٧٠ كلمة في الاسبوع طب بالله عليكم لو عملنا الخطة دى لأولادنا بالطريقة دى حنحفظهم كلمات السنة فى ترم واحد فقط

طب سؤال تانى؟!!! الطالب بيقول: انه بيحفظ كلمات وبينساها بسرعة ايه الحل؟!!!
أنا حقولك ايه الحل!!!

••••

هناك بيت شعر يقول:

العِلمُ صَيدٌ والكِتابةُ قَيدُهُ -- قَيِّدْ صيودكَ بالحِبالِ الواثِقَة
فَمِن الحَماقَةِ أَنْ تَصيدَ غَزالَةً -- وتَتْرُكها بَينَ الخَلائقِ طالِقَة

والمثل الصينى بيقول:

I hear and I forget; I see and I remember; I do and I understand.

إذن فحفظ الكلمات يتطلب ورقة وقلم والخطوات كالتالى:

١-معرفة النطق الصحيح للكلمة.
٢-قراءة الكلمة عدة مرات بالنطق السليم.
٣- النظر الى الكلمة وأخذ صورة كربونية لكتابتها دون النظر اليها.
٤- تقسيم الكلمة الى مقاطع إذا ما كانت الكلمة أكثر من مقطع صوتى.
٥- تسميع الكلمة ومطابقتها بالنص الاصلى .
٦- عقب التسميع الجيد للكلمة أقوم بنفس المراحل مع الكلمة الثانية ولكن عند التسميع أسمع الكلمة الأولى مع الكلمة الجديدة الثانية، والاولى والثانية مع الكلمة الجديدة الثالثة... وهكذا عبارة عن سلسلة متعاقبة.
لاحظ أنه فى المراحل المتقدمة فيما بعد يتم تحفيظ مشتقات الكلمة حتى يتم تكوين ثروة لغوية ضخمة

•• كيف أثبت حفظى للكلمات؟!!!!

٧- المرحلة الأهم وهى تثبيت الحفظ يكون كالتالى :
أ) قراءة النص الأصلى للدرس مع ترجمة الكلمات الجديدة التى تم حفظها وتسمعيها.
ب) حل جمل على الدرس أيا كانت نوعية الأسئلة اختيارى تصحيح ..الخ.
ج) كتابة جمل بالكلمات الجديدة على قاعدة الدرس الجديد " يعنى اضرب على الحديد وهوه سخن" وبكده يبقى انت ضربت ٣ عصافير بحجر واحد(**الكلمات+القاعدة+التطبيق العملى"أى حل التمارين"**).
وبكده نكون سهلنا على الطالب ازاى يذاكر لغة انجليزية ويحب المادة وخلوا بالكم ان الكلمات لا تقتصر على ١٠ كلمات فقط فحسب ولكن بالتدريج الطالب حيكتسب المهارة وحيحفظ بفضل الله ٥٠ كلمة فصاعدا فى اليوم والفروق الفردية طبعا ليها دور فى المسألة دى
٨- وأخيرا تخصيص يوم للمراجعة على ما تم حفظه ومذاكرته طوال الاسبوع

Unit 1 Where we learn مكان تعلمنا

Lesson 1,2

كلمات الحصة الأولى

١	student	تلميذ	٢	sports school	المدرسة الرياضية
٣	lesson	درس	٤	lunch	الغداء
٥	Laboratory	معمل	٦	downstairs	الدور السلفي
٧	gates	بوابات	٨	upstairs	الدور العلوي
٩	library	مكتبة	١٠	karate	كاراتيه
١١	toilet	حمام	١٢	gym	الجمنازيوم
١٣	playground	ملعب	١٤	PE	التربية البدنية
١٥	break	فسحة	١٦	China	الصين
١٧	corridor	طرقة	١٨	maths	رياضة
١٩	floor	طابق	٢٠	English	انجليزي
21	timetable	جدول الحصص	22	social studies	الدراسات
٢٣	changing room	حجرة تغيير الملابس	٢٤	science	العلوم
٢٥	careful	حريص	٢٦	stairs	سلالم

A -Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
talk	يتكلم	talked	talked
practise	يتمرن	practised	practised
walk	يمشي	walked	walked
change	يتغير	changed	changed
stop	يتوقف	stopped	stopped

B- Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
get	يحصل على	got	got
go	يذهب	went	gone
break	يكسر	broke	broken
Have / has	يتناول	had	had
get ready for	يستعد لـ	got ready for	got ready for
put on	يرتدي (يغير ملابسه)	put on	put on

Words and opposites	كلمـــــــات وعكســـــــها
inside الداخل	outside بالخارج
before قبل	After بعد
upstairs الطابق العلوي	downstairs الدور السفلي

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

good at	جيد في	bad at	سئ في
walk up	يصعد السلالم	walk down	ينزل السلالم
by + وسيلة مواصلات	في	at break	في الفسحة
on the first floor	في الطابق العلوي	talk in	يتكلم في
travel to	يسافر	at the end of	في نهاية .....

Reading

Read the website about students in different countries. How many lessons do they have each day?

I'm Salma and I'm from Egypt. Today, We got English, maths, social studies, Arabic, science and music. We have our science lessons in the laboratory. We must be careful in it! It's next to the library and opposite the toilets. We mustn't talk in the lessons, but we can talk at break in the playground. After break we have music. The music room is at the end of the corridor. It is on the first floor so I walk up the stairs.

##########

My name's Jin Zhang. I'm a student at a sports school in China. You must be good at sports to go to this school. Today, I've got English, maths and science. The English classroom is on the first floor. After lunch. We can go downstairs to the changing room to get ready for PE. Then I must practise karate for five hours in the gym . I like karate. I travel to school by bus. The bus can't go into the playground, so it stops just outside the school gates.

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Go up the stairs. The laboratory is on the first……

a) gate. **b) corridor** **c) upstairs** **d) floor.**

2- I never talk …… the lessons.

a) with **b) for** **c) in** **d) on**

3- Salma is …… Egypt.

a) in **b) of** **c) for** **d) from**

4- The opposite of…… is " **before** ".

a) after **b) right** **c) left** **d) down**

5- Classroom 5 is on the…… floor.

a) one **b) two** **c) first** **d)three**

6- Ahlam is good …… English and science.

a) in **b) at** **c) with** **d) to**

7- We can talk and have brunch وجبة ما بعد الفطار at ……

a) class room **b) gym** **c) lab** **d) break**

8- My father always drives me يوصلني to school …… bus.

a) on **b) in** **c) by** **d) with**

9- I'm getting …… for the English lesson.

a) read **b) ready** **c) ride** **d) rude**

10- Our class is …… the head teacher's office.

a) next **b) between** **c) on** **d) opposite**

11-Samia is going to the…… to put on her sports uniform.

a) gym **b) stairs** **c) changing room** **d) lab**

12- The changing room is ……, so I walk up the stairs.

a) downstairs **b) upstairs** **c) uptown** **d) downtown**

2- *Read and correct the underlined words:*

1- We never go to school **in** Friday. (……)

2- In the morning I have **lunch**. (……)

3- We have science in the **gym**. (……)

4- The laboratory is **in** the first floor. (……)

5- Music room is on second floor . Walk **down** the stairs.(……)

6- Go up the **stars** to find the laboratory. (……)

7- Rania swept the **flour** before sleeping. (……)

8- You should **practice** well to be a good footballer.(……)

حل كتير تفهم اكتر

مستر اسلام أحمد

Mr. Eslam Ahmed

Grammar

Grammar Study



Talking about Ability

can - can't



استخدام can للتعبير عن القدرة

Usage الاستخدام

* We use can to say what you are allowed to do.
* We use can't to say what you are not allowed to do.

****

Formation: التكوين

Can ← في الاثبات

مصدر + can + فاعل

* I can speak English.
* She can drive a car.

Can't ← في النفي

مصدر + can't + فاعل

* I can't come to the park this afternoon.
* I can't stay after four o'clock.

Can ← في السؤال

Can + فاعل + مصدر

* can you come to the park this afternoon?
* can you stay after four o'clock?
* What can you do?
* What can't you do?



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مستر اسلام أحمد

Talking about necessity and obligation

must - mustn't




□□استخدام must للتعبير عن الضرورة والالزام

Usage الاستخدام

* We use must to talk about necessity and obligation:
* We use mustn't to say that it is important not to do something

****

Formation: التكوين

must□ ⟵ في الاثبات

فاعل + can + مصدر

* You must look right and left before you cross the road.
* You must wash before you eat it.

must ⟵ في السؤال

Must + فاعل + مصدر

* Must you wash before you eat it.?
* Must you smoke?
* What must you do?
* What mustn't you do?



****

Mustn't ⟵ تستخدم للمنع و الحظر

فاعل + mustn't + مصدر

*You mustn't talk in the library.
*You mustn't smoke.



□□ ملحوظة

لاحظ التعبير الاتى

The+ صفة تفضيل+ اسم + to+ مصدر + is+ to +مصدر او شبه جملة

* The best time to pack your bag is the night before school.
* The best time to arrive at school is before lessons start.

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Homework

1-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1- You……. be late for school.

a] can **b] can't** **c] must** **d] mustn't**

2- We …… talk when the teacher is talking.

a] must **b] can't** **c] mustn't** **d] can**

3- Children …… go to school every day.

a] can **b] can't** **c] mustn't** **d] must**

4- Before you eat. you must…… your hands.

a] wash **b] drink** **c] clean** **d] mix**

5. The changing room is…… the gym.

a] next **b] above** **c] opposite** **d] under**

6. There is a bus stop outside the school……

a] door **b] stairs.** **c] ground.** **d] gates**

7- Can you …… to the park by yourself ?

a] going **b] went** **c] goes** **d] go**

8- Some people put on their sports clothes in the……before they do P.E.

a] laboratory **b] changing room** **c] art class** **d] gym**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- We can't **stayed** after six o'clock. (……)

2- I bought some **flower** from the bakery. (……)

3- I **can** see my friends when I have tests the next day. (……)

4- You must be **careless** in the lab. (……)

5- You **can** walk on the grass in the park. (……)

6- I study numbers in **science**. (……)

3- Supply the missing parts in the following mini- dialogues.

A- **Dalia** : What do you wear to school every day ?

Arwa :……

Dalia : Very good.

B- **Ahmed** : …… ?

Waleed : We have science lessons in the laboratory.

Ahmed: Be careful in the laboratory.

محلولة

4- Finish the following dialogue:

Fatma : What Lessons / subjects did you have yesterday ?
Zeinab : I **had** ..... **Arabic, English and maths**.
Fatma: Which lesson did you like best ?
Zeinab: I **liked** ..... English.
Fatma : Why ?
Zeinab : **Because** ..... the teacher was very **nice** .....

Hala : How do you go to school ?
Sara : I go there by the school ..... .
Hala : ..... does it start going there ?
Sara : ..... 7:00 a.m.
Hala : How ..... pupils does it carry.
Sara : 40 pupils .

حل يا باشا

Lesson 3,4

كلمات الحصة الثانية

١	tour	جولة	٢	helpful	متعاون
٣	ground floor	الدور الأرضي	٤	computer	كمبيوتر
٥	the first floor	الدور الأول	٦	which	أي
٧	location	موقع	٨	science lesson	درس العلوم
٩	polite way	طرقة مؤدبة	١٠	quiz	اختبار قصير
١١	diagram	رسم توضيحي	١٢	school rules	قواعد مدرسية
١٣	bottom	قاع	١٤	middle	منتصف
١٥	top	قمة	١٦	office	مكتب
١٧	opposite	أمام	١٨	end	نهاية
١٩	next to	بجوار	٢٠	headmaster	المدير
٢١	best time	أفضل وقت	٢٢	different	مختلف
٢٣	partner	شريك	٢٤	important	هام

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A- Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	التصريف الثالث
pack	يحزم / يستف	packed	packed
arrive	يصل	arrive	arrive
start	يبدأ	started	started
compare	يقارن	compared	compared

B -Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
hurt	يؤذي	hurt	hurt
say	يقول	said	said
show	يعرض	showed	shown
meet	يقابل	met	met
speak	يتحدث	spoke	spoken
give	يعطى	gave	given
put up	يرفع لإعلي	put up	put up

كلمات متشابهة في النطق مختلفة في المعنى

stairs	سلالم	⟷	stars	نجوم
practise	يتمرن	⟷	practice	يتمرن
website	موقع نت	⟷	site	موقع جغرافي
floor	أرضية	⟷	flour	دقيق
pack	يحزم	⟷	back	خلف / ظهر
way	طريقة	⟷	why	لماذا
rules	قواعد	⟷	roles	أدوار
hurt	يؤذي	⟷	heart	قلب
polite	مودب	⟷	impolite	غير مؤدب
helpful	متعاون	⟷	helpless	غير متعاون

هذه المذكرة ملك فقط
مستر أسلام أحمد
واي أقتباس منها أو العمل بها
ولو (وحدة / وحدة)
فهو من باب السرقة

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Expressions

1- give a tour : يأخذ فى جولة - يعطى جولة

✪ **Salma is giving a new student a tour of their school.**

2- start on the ground floor يبدأ من الدور الأرضى

✪ **Let's start on the ground floor.**

3- Do the quiz : يقوم باختبار قصير

✪ **I 'll give you a tour of our school.**

4- The best time to: أفضل وقت لـــ

✪ **The best time to study is the morning.**

5- pack your bag for حزم حقيبتك من أجل

✪ **You can pack your bag for school the night before school.**

6- put your hand up ارفع يديك

✪ **The most polite way to ask a question is to put your hand up.**

7- Let's + فعل في مصدر تستخدم لعمل اقتراح أو تنفيذ فكرة

✣ **Let's study English together.**



listening



Teacher: Hello, Salma. This is Amal. She's a new girl in our class. can you show her where to go for her lessons?

Salma: Of course! I 'll give you a tour of our school.

Amal: Thank you.

Salma: Let's start on the ground floor . This is the office here at the bottom of the stairs on the right. The toilets are next to it. And that 's the door to the playground at the end of the corridor. We go there at break.

Now let's go upstairs. Right, here we are at the top of the stairs on the first floor . The room on the right is the library. That's where we read books and use the computers. And next to the library is the laboratory where we have our science lessons.

Amal : Which class room is ours ?

Salma : It's opposite the laboratory. There are three classroom there, and ours is number 6 in the middle. Now let's go downstairs. Come and meet my friends. It's break, so they are in the playground.

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Choose the correct answer :

1-The headmaster المدير will give the visitors a..... of our school.
a) trip **b) journey** **c) tour** **d) round**

2- Arwa is a new girl in our class. I'll ..... her where to go for her lesoons.
a) know **b) show** **c) give** **d) visit**

3- You mustn't ..... in the corridor.
a) run **b) put off** **c) fly** **d) visit**

4- The best time to arrive at school is ..... the lessons start.
a) after **b) then** **c) before** **d) during**

.5-Can you tell me what the best..... of our new school will be ?
a) location **b) street** **c) town** **d) city**

6- The best time to ..... your bag for school is the night before.
a) open **b) back** **c) pick** **d) pack**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

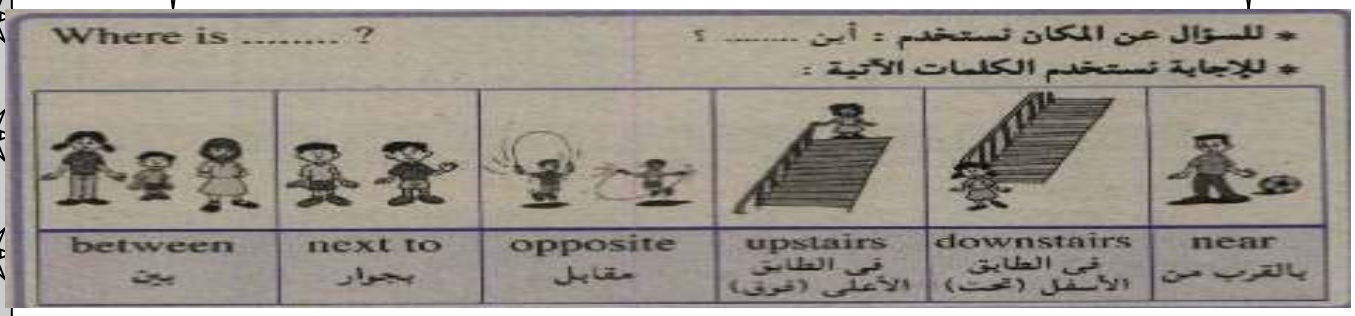
1- The library is next **with** the headmaster's office.(.....)
2- School **roles** are important. (.....)
3- The toilets are **in** the ground floor. (.....)
4- **Back** your bag the night before school. (.....)

Questions & Answers

1- What is the best time to pack your bag for school ? ما أفضل وقت لتعبئة حقيبتك للمدرسة
* **The night before school.** الليلة السابقة للمدرسة .
2- What is the best time to arrive at school ? ما أفضل وقت للوصول إلى المدرسة؟
* **Before lessons start.** قبل بداية الحصص.
3-What is the most polite way to ask questions in class ? ما أكثر طريقة مؤدبة لكي تسأل سؤال في الفصل ؟
* **Put your hand up.** أرفع يدك لأعلى.
4-When is the best time to talk to your friends ? متى يكون أفضل وقت للتحدث مع أصدقائك ؟
* **In the ground at break.** في الملعب وقت الفسحة
5- What is the most thing to do when another teacher walk into your classroom ? ما أفضل شئ يمكن فعله عندما يدخل مدرس آخر فصلك ؟
* **You must stand up .** يجب عليك أن تقف.

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Grammar



It's +

at the bottom of the stairs	أسفل السلم	in the middle	في وسط
at the end of the corridor	نهاية الطرقة	on the first floor	في الدور الأول
at the top of the stairs	أعلى السلم	opposite the lab	أمام المعمل
upstairs	في الدور العلوي	next to the library	بجوار المكتبة
downstairs	في الدور السفلي	between	بين
above	فوق	behind	خلف

Exercises For Now

1- Choose the correct answer :

1- It's ..... to put your hand up to ask a question in class.
a] wrong **b] important** **c] difficult** **d] polite**

2- I don't need to go upstairs, I live on the ..... floor.
a] ground **b] first** **c] second** **d] third**

3- If you don't run in the corridor, you won't fall or ..... others.
a] feel **b] kill** **c] hurt** **d] eat**

4- You can ..... the window if you ask the teacher.
a] to open **b] open** **c] opens** **d] opening**

5- Mai is a student at a ..... school in Assiut.
a] sport **b] sport's** **c] sports** **d] sporting**

6- Where is the ..... lab ?
a] history **b] Arabic** **c] maths** **d] science**

7- The headmaster's office is ..... the end of the corridor.
a] at **b] in** **c] on** **d] next**

8- Do you go to school ..... bus or on foot ?
a] from **b] in** **c] on** **d] by**

9- When is the ..... time to pack your school bag ?
a] better **b] best** **c] good** **d] well**

10- When the teacher enters يدخل the class, all the .....stand up.
a] teachers **b] workers** **c] students** **d] keepers**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- You **must** drink water from the river. It's not clean.(.....)
2- What **rooms** do you study at school ? (.....)
3- You **can** study hard before exams. (.....)
4- My room is **stairs**. (.....)
5- When is the best time to **back** your bag. (.....)
6- **In** the end of the corridor, there is a library. (.....)
7- Let's **played** football after school. (.....)
8- Let's **make** a smart quiz. (.....)

3- Finish the following dialogue:

Shahd is asking Fatma to give her a tour.

Shahd: I'm new in your school. Can you give me a tour.
Fatma: Of course. Let's start with this..... .
Shahd: ..... are there in the corridor ?
Fatma: There are classes for the first year.
Shahd: ..... is the library ?
Fatma: It's on the ground.....

حل كتير تفهم اكتر

٤- Supply the missing parts in the following mini- dialogues.

A- **Amira** : Where are the toilets, please ?
Nora:.....
Amira : Thank you for your help.

Test 1 on Unit 1

مواصفات أمتحان الصف الثانى الاعدادى للعام الدراسى (2016 – 2017)

السؤال الأول : استماع

تستمع إلى فقرة من نصوص الاستماع اللى فى الكتاب وعليها ٣ اسئلة اختيارى كل سؤال عليه أربع كلمات (غالبا بختار الكلمة اللى سمعتها فى الفقرة / فالمفروض تركز كويس فى اللى بتسمعه

1-Listen and choose the correct answer

I'm a student at grade two prep school. I like my new school because its teachers are kind and helpful. I'm good at maths and science. I have seven lessons in a school day.

1- I'm a student at grade one .....school.
a) prep **b) primary** **c) secondary** **d) university**
2- My teachers are kind and ..... .
a) angry **b) helpless** **c) careless** **d) helpful**
3- I'm good at..... and science.
a) maths **b) art** **c) English** **d) science**

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

السؤال الثانى : استماع برضه

تستمع إلى فقرة من نصوص الاستماع عبارة عن ٣٠ كلمة اللى فى الكتاب وعليها ٣ أسئلة تبدأ بأداة استفهام(What / Where / When / Why /How / which / How much / How often / How many / What time / How old) أو سؤال يبدأ بفعل مساعد (Is - Are - Was - Were - Do - Does - Did - Have - Has - Had - Can - Could - Will - Would - Must - Should)

فالمفروض نركز في اللي بنسمعه كويس خالص.

2- Listen and answer the following questions

My classroom is on first class. It's the second room on the right side of the corridor . My cousin's class is opposite mine

1- Which floor is your classroom on ?

2- Is your cousin's class opposite yours ?

3- Is your classroom on the right side or left side ?

السؤال الثالث: محادثة عبارة عن حوار بين اتنين والمطلوب منك تكملة اربع فراغات. كل نقطة تكملها بكلمة واحدةأو اتنين (الكلمة اما تكون فى الإجابة أو السؤال اللى فى المحادثة حسب ترتيب الفراغ

3- Finish The following dialogue



Sameha : What's your ..... ?

Samantha : My name is Samantha.

Sameha: ..... are you from ?

Samantha : I am from England.

Sameha: What is the ..... of England ?

Samantha: London is the capital of England.

Sameha : ..... language do you speak ?

Samantha : English.

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السؤال الرابع : عبارة عن محادثتين
الاولى يعطيك سؤال ومطلوب منك الإجابة
والثانية يعطيك إجابة ومطلوب منك السؤال (نفس قاعدة تكوين السؤال)

4- Supply the missing parts in the following two mini dialogues :

Teacher : What's your favourite subject ?
Ahmed: .....
Teacher: Very good . maths is very nice.

Adel: .....?
Ahlam: I live in Assiut. What about you ?
Adel: I live in Giza.

السؤال الخامس / قطعه فهم وعليها٣ أسءلة باداة استفهام و ٢ اختياري

5- Read the following, then answer the questions:

Hello! My name is Ahmed Samy. I'm a student at preparatory school. My mother wakes me up early. At seven o'clock, I wash, get dressed and eat breakfast. I wear trousers and a school T-shirt. I always go to school on foot. I have nine lessons a day. On Wednesday, we study Arabic, English, religion, maths, science, and computer .studies. At three forty-five, I get home. At nine o'clock, I go to bed

A) Answer the following questions :

فكر ,ارجع للقطعة

1-What does Ahmad wear to school ?

2- Does Ahmad go to school by bus ?

3- When does Ahmed get home ?

B) Choose the correct answer :

.3- Ahmad's ..... always wakes him up.
a) father **b) mother** **c) sister** **d) brother**
4- Ahmed is a student at ..... school.
a) primary **b) secondary** **c) prep** **d) university**

السؤال السادس : القصة / وقصة السندي هيا (روبنسون كروزو) وعليها سؤالين
الأول / رتب احداث القصة (يديك أربع جمل والمطلوب ترتيبهم حسب الاحداث)
السؤال الثاني / سؤال يبدأ بكلمة استفهام فيه أربعه أسئلة (اتنين عن الاحداث / واتنين عن رايك في اللي حصل (تفكير نقدي)

لما تاخد القصة
أبقي اديك أسئلة عليها

السؤال السابع : اختياري (تختار من بين أربع اختيارات الكلمة الصحيحه . يعطيك ٨ جمل (اربعه علي القواعد واربعه علي الكلمات ونصوص الاستماع والقراءة)

7- Choose the correct answer :

1- The school bus can't go..... the playground.
a) on **b) for** **c) into** **d) at**

2- Does your school have a ..... to practise sports in ?
a) gym **b) laboratory** **c) library** **d) toilet**

3- Amera ..... play sports today because I have exams tomorrow.
a) can **b) should** **c) shouldn't** **d) can't**

4- Look at the .....to know today's lessons.
a) calendar **b) clock** **c) calendar** **d) board**

5- There is a bus stop outside the school ..... .
a) library **b) lab** **c) corridor** **d) gates**

6- When you cross the road, you ..... look right and left. .
a) must **b) can't** **c) shouldn't** **d) can**

7- The class 2B is ..... class 2A and 2C .
a) opposite **b) next** **c) at the end** **d) between**

8- I ..... karate twice a week.
a) visit **b) eat** **c) practise** **d) go**

السؤال الثامن / صحح ما تحته خط (ده سؤال جديد عليك ومطلوب منك تصحيح الكلمة اللي تحتها خط (وهيا ممكن تكون خطأ في الكتابة او النطق او تكون في القواعد

6- Read and correct the underlined word:

1- It's **impolite** to be quiet in class. (.....)
2- We **can't** study hard to succeed. (.....)
3- We can play football **before** school at club. (.....)
4- You must **back** your bag the night before school. (.....)

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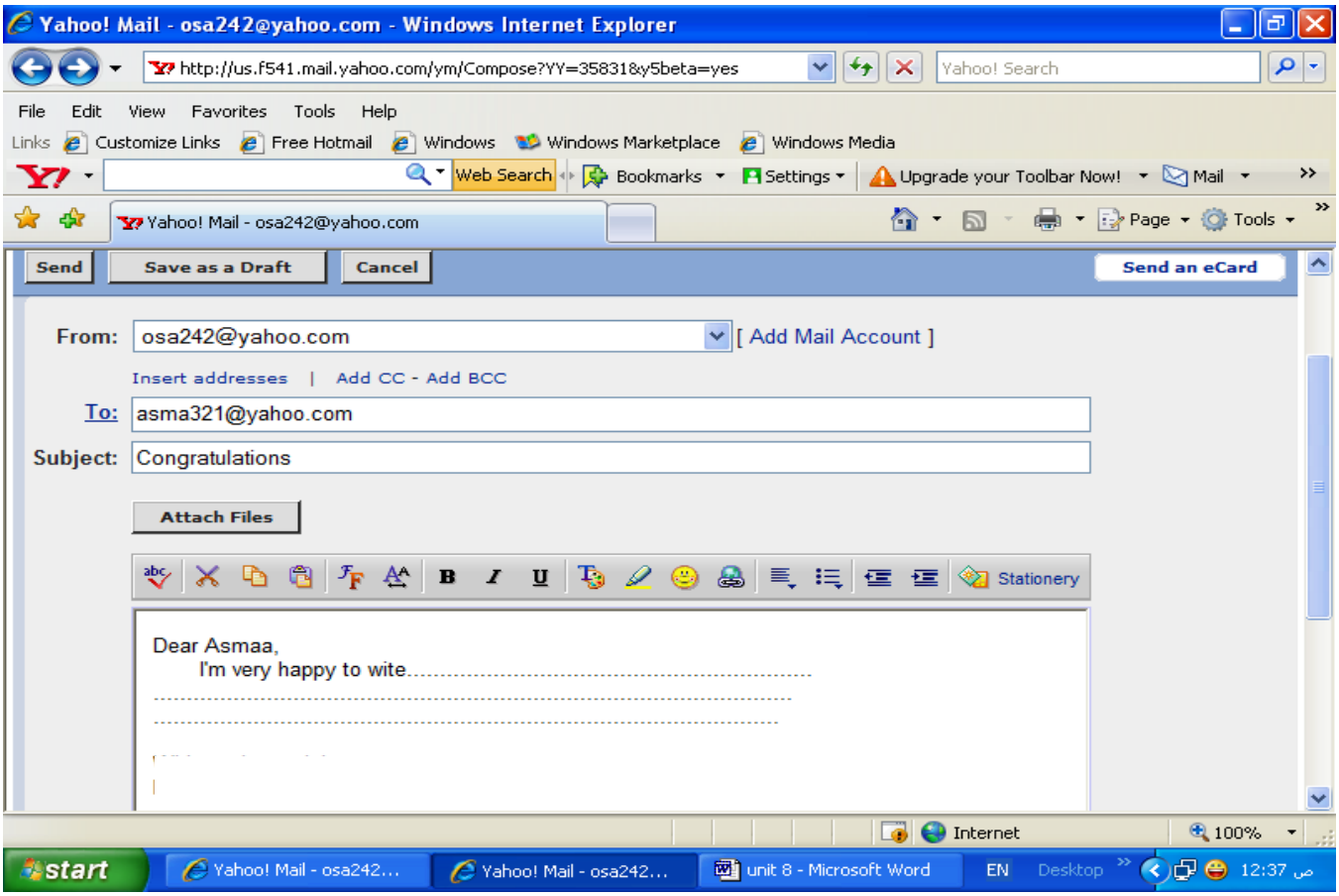
السؤال التاسع / اللى هو إما كتابة موضوع تعبير (براجراف) أو إرسال أيميل والاثنين مكونين من ست جمل

"A-Write a paragraph of 6 sentences about " Favourite subject

My favourite subject is computer studies. I have 3 lessons a week. My teacher teaches us how to use computer and the internet. He also teaches us about websites. He helps me to make my own blog.

7-Write an e-mail of (5) sentences about " My visit to my uncle

أولا شكل الرسالة الإلكترونية كما يلى



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مدونة خـــــواجه
ترحب بكم
وتتمنى لكم أحلى الأوقات
كل عام وأنتم بخير

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Unit 2 Around the City حول المدينة

Lesson 1,2

كلمات الحصة الأولى

١	famous	مشهور	٢	lion statue	تمثال أسد
٣	castle	قلعة	٤	popular	مشهور / شائع
٥	tower	برج	٦	weekend	إجازة نهاية الأسبوع
٧	pavement	رصيف	٨	corner	ركن
٩	view	منظر / مشهد	١٠	mosque	مسجد
١١	wonderful	رائع	١٢	citadel	قلعة
١٣	bridge	كوبري	١٤	king	ملك
١٥	century	قرن	١٦	busy	مشغول / مزدحم
١٧	building	مبنى	١٨	museum	متحف
١٩	leaflet	نشرة / كتيب	٢٠	monuments	آثار
21	several	عديد	22	visitor	زائر
٢٣	tourist	سائح	٢٤	too	أيضا
٢٥	river	نهر	٢٦	across	عبر

A -Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
test	يختبر	tested	tested
complete	يكمل	completed	completed
cross	يعبر	crossed	crossed
protect	يحمي	protected	protected
walk	يمشي	walked	walked
open	يفتح	opened	opened
call	يسمي	called	called
work	يعمل	worked	worked
visit	يزور	visited	visited

B- Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
become	يصبح	became	become
build	يبني	built	built

take	يأخذ	took	taken
feel	يشعر	felt	felt
do	يفعل	did	done
begin	يبدأ	began	begun
sit	يجلس	sat	sat
make	يصنع	made	made
see	يرى	saw	seen

Definitions تعريفات

The king	الملك	the ruler of the country. usually lives in a palace قصر
The castle	القلعة	a large building for important people
The citadel	القلعة	is a place to protect people against enemies.
The pavement	الرصيف	a place to walk on next to a road.
Tower	الأبراج	tall buildings or tall parts of a building such as citadels .
monuments	آثار	the important old places in history.
Wonderful	رائع	something that makes you feel happy or pleased.
island	جزيرة	a piece of land surrounded محاطة by water.

Confusing Words

see	يرى	⟷	sea	بحر
tower	برج	⟷	tour	جولة
make	يصنع	⟷	do	يعمل
popular	شعبي	⟷	polar	قطبي
test	يختبر	⟷	taste	يتذوق
cross	يعبر	⟷	across	عبر
monuments	آثار	⟷	moments	لحظات
place	مكان	⟷	palace	قصر
bridge	كوبري	⟷	fridge	ثلاجة
view	منظر	⟷	few	قليل

LANGUAGE NOTES

do	make	take	feel

do يعمل

يأتي بمعاني مختلفة حسب الكلمة التي تأتي بعده

- do homework يعمل الواجب / do a test يؤدي امتحان
- do a project يقوم بعمل مشروع / do a quiz.

make يصنع

يأتي بمعاني مختلفة أيضا حسب الكلمة التي تأتي بعد

- make mistakes
- make money
- make a suggestion

يأتي بمعنى يجعل

فعل في مصدر + مفعول + make + فاعل.

☒ The clown makes us laugh.

take يأخذ

يأتي بمعنى يستغرق

فاعل + take + مدة زمنية + to + فعل في مصدر

The citadel ...

Reading

Beautiful Cairo

The 382-metre-long Qasr al-Nil Bridge, with its two lion statues at each end, crosses over the Nile. There was a bridge here, Gezira Bridge, in 1872. However, the bridge became too busy, so Cairo needed a bigger one. King Fuad opened Qasr al-Nil Bridge in 1933. Many peeple like to walk along the pavements of the bridge in the evenings. You can walk across it from the east side to Gezira Island. There are wonderful views of the river from the bridge.



The Citadel in Cairo is one of the most important monuments in Egypt. You can see its towers from a long way away, Some people call it Salah al-Din's Castle. This is because Salah al-Din-Ayouby, the famous king, built it to protect Cairo. It took eight years to complete. Work began in 1176 and finished in 1184. There are also four museums in the Citadel. You can visit several mosques, too.



Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Salah El – Din was the …… Of Egypt in the twelfth century.
a) king **b) prince** **c) hero** **d) superman.**

2- A …… a large building for important people
a) cattle **b) castle** **c) button** **d) bottle**

3- A ……the ruler حاكم of a country
a) wife **b) teacher** **c) kite** **d) king**

4- King Fuad ……Qasr al-Nil Bridge in 1933.
a) opened **b) open** **c) opening** **d) opens**

5- The castle had four ……, one on each corner.
a) towers **b) power** **c) towels** **d) bowls**

6- Sunglasses نظارة الشمس can…… your eyes from the sun
a) pour **b) peel** **c) protect** **d) put**

7-The citadel in Cairo is one of the most important……. in Egypt.
a) libraries **b) mosques** **c) houses** **d) monuments**

8- Tourists like to visit Cairo ……
a) Tower **b) Flower** **c) Shower** **d) Power**

9- I love this book. It's a …… story!
a) bad **b) wonderful** **c) wild** **d) ugly**

10- The road through the town has a wide ……. for people to walk on.
a) station **b) wall** **c) stop** **d) pavement**

حل كثير تفهم اكثر

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Can you read this tourist **leafbook** for me. (……)
2- Salah al-Din was the **queen** of Egypt in the twelfth century(……)
3- You can visit several **zoos** in the citadel. (……)
4- A **station** is a place to walk next to the road. (……)



Past Simple
الماضي البسيط



يتكون زمن الماضي البسيط من التصريف الثاني للفعل

**اضافة ed للفعل العادي

✪ *I played a wonderful match last week.*

الشكل الثاني من الفعل الشاذ

✪ *We bought a very expensive car yesterday.*

هناك نوعان من الافعال منتظمه/ شاذة

أولا الأفعال المنتظمة

١-الفعل المنتظم المنتهي بـ e يضاف له d فقط

love---loved/ live---lived

٢-الفعل المنتظم الغير منتهى بـ e يضاف له ed

cook----cooked/ clean---cleaned

٣- إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف ساكن وقبله حرف متحرك نكرر الحرف الساكن ونضيف ed.

stop----- stopped / travel---------- travelled

٤-لا يضاعف الحرف الأخير إذا سبقه حرفان متحركان

look----looked/book----booked

٥- إذا انتهى الفعل بـ y وقبلها حرف ساكن تحول إلى ied أما إذا انتهى الفعل بـ y وقبلها حرف متحرك تبقى أل y كما هي ونضيف ed فقط

carry----carried/study----studied/ try—tried/cry---cried

play----played/ enjoy---enjoyed/obey---obeyed/delay---delayed

ثانيا الافعال الشاذة ويجب ان تحفظ وهي على ثلاثة اشكال:

1-No Change	2-One Change	2-Two changes
cut cut cut	buy bought bought	eat ate eaten
shut shut shut	catch caught caught	go went gone
put put put	find found found	drink drank drunk

يستخدم الماضي البسيط للتعبير عن:

١-أحداث انتهت في الماضي. *I watched a new film yesterday.*

٢-عادة أو موقف في *الماضي* *When I was young , I played football.*

٣-نستخدم *used to* للتعبير عن عادة في الماضي.

When I was young, I used to get up late.

٤-للتعبير عن أحداث متتابعة في قصة.

Once upon a time , there were a cat and some mice .The cat killed a lot of mice. So the mice had a meeting……..

Tense Markers	Examples
▪ Yesterday ▪ in the ancient times ▪ once/last(week,month,year) ▪ In the past ▪ in 1999 ▪ ago	▪ We travelled to London last year. ▪ She bought a nice dress yesterday. ▪ I was in London four years ago.

إذا كان للنفي نستخدم didn't + inf. وللسؤال نستخدم did + inf.

- **I watered the flowers.-------**I didn't water the flowers.
- **Yes, I watched the match .----**Did you watch the match?

☺ Questions الأسئلة

Question word كلمة استفهام + did + subject فاعل +Inf مصدر ..... ?

وفى الإجابة لا نستخدم did ونستخدم التصريف الثانى للفعل

- **Where did Ali go yesterday ?**
- **He went to the cinema .**

وبالطبع السؤال البادئ بـ Did وهو بمعنى هل يجاب بـ Yes أو No

Did you visit London ?

Yes , I did *No , I didn't*

Homework

1-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1- Salah El- Din Al- Ayouby..... the citadel to protect Cairo.
a] build **b] is building** **c] built** **d] has built**

2- Yesterday, I ..... my homework with my sister.
a] did **b] do** **c] done** **d] doing**

3- When did you ..... your friends ?
a] seen **b] saw** **c] seeing** **d] see**

4- Did you watch the film last night ? No , I.....
a] don't **b] did** **c] didn't** **d] doesn't**

5- There are two lions ..... on each side of Qasr al- Nil Bridge.
a] statues **b] building** **c] towers** **d] citadels**

6- Our house took to years to .....
a] play **b] destroy** **c] complete** **d] visit**

7- A week ago, Hesham ..... lunch a t a very good restaurant.
a] eats **b] ate** **c] eaten** **d] eating**

8- We didn't ..... science yesterday.
a] had **b] having** **c] has** **d] have**

9- My father ..... a new mobile phone last week.
a] buy **b] bought** **c] buys** **d] buying**

10- When I was younger, I ..... to live with my grandma.
a] going **b] go** **c] gone** **d] went**

11- You can see wonderful .....across the River Nile .

a] reviews b] deserts c] views d] interviews

12- Dr. Magdi Yaqoub is very ..... . All people know him.

a] famous b] unknown c] busy d] strong

13- A king usually lives in a .....

a] class b] lighthouse c] palace d] room

14- What time ..... you play computer games last night ?

a] did b] was c] does d] do

15- It ..... six years to complete the primary stage.

a] gives b] eats c] takes d] plays

16- The ..... was built to protect Cairo.

a] tower b] castle c] palace d] lighthouse

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- A **place** is the place where the king lives. (.....)

2- King Fuad opened Qasr al- Nil **Fridge** in 1933. (.....)

3- Last night , I **have** a very good night's sleep. (.....)

4- The 6th of October Bridge is always **lazy**. (.....)

5- When did you **finished** your homework ? (.....)

6- There is a beautiful **few** from the top of the mountain.(.....)

3- Supply the missing parts in the following mini- dialogues.

A- **Kamar** : Excuse me, where's the office, please ?

Lekaa : .....

Kamar: Thank you very much.

B- **Ahmed** : ..... ?

Waleed : Yes, the king lived I the citadel.

4- Finish the following dialogue:

A tourist wants to go to the Egyptian Museum

Tourist : Excuse me, I'd like to have a tour around Cairo.

Sara : You are ..... .

Tourist : ..... can I get to the Egyptian Museum ?

Sara : Go along this ..... It's at its end.

Tourist : But it is very busy.

Sara : You can take a .....

حل يا باشا

5-Write a paragraph of (6) sentences about
" The places of interest tourists like to visit in Cairo "

Tourists like visiting many places in Cairo. There are many historical places in Cairo. The Egyptian Museum is an important place to visit. They can enjoy watching the history of Egypt. Cairo Tower, also, is a beautiful place. Tourists visit it to enjoy the beautiful view of Cairo and the Nile.

Lesson 3,4

كلمات الحصة الثانية

١	tour guide	مرشد سياحي	٢	partner	شريك
٣	lighthouse	منارة	٤	file	ملف
٥	fort	حصن	٦	sultan	سلطان
٧	earthquake	زلزال	٨	stone	حجر
٩	traveller	مسافر	١٠	visitor	زائر
١١	palace	قصر	١٢	energy	طاقة
١٣	dry	جاف	١٤	fossil	حفرية
١٥	dining room	حجرة الطعام	١٦	transport	وسائل المواصلات
١٧	bedroom	حجرة النوم	١٨	tablet	جهاز لوحي
١٩	wall	حائط	٢٠	truck	شاحنة
٢١	weather	الطقس	٢٢	research	بحث
٢٣	date	تاريخ	٢٤	fact	حقيقة
25	politely	بأدب	٢٦	very often	غالبا

أماكن وشخصيات مشهورة (حفظ)

Cairo International Airport	مطار القاهرة الدولي
The Lighthouse of Alexandria	منارة الاسكندرية
Fort Qaitbey	حصن / قلعة قايتباي
the Muntazah Palace	قصر المنتزه
King Ptolemy	الملك بطليموس
King Abbas ÌÌ	الملك عباس الثاني

A- Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	التصريف الثالث
interrupt	يقاطع	interrupted	interrupted
rain	تمطر	rained	rained
continue	يستمر	continued	continued
describe	يصف	described	described
damage	يتلف	damaged	damaged
enter	يدخل	entered	entered
decide	يقرر	decided	decided
face	يواجه	faced	faced

B -Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
go up	يصعد	went up	gone up
know	يعرف	knew	known
build	يبني	built	built
think	يعتقد / يفكر	thought	thought

Confusing Words

truck	شاحنة	⟷	trick	خدعة
tablet	جهاز لوحي	⟷	table	منضدة
dress	فستان	⟷	address	عنوان
fort	حصن	⟷	port	ميناء
pavement	رصيف شارع	⟷	platform	رصيف

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

on the left	على اليسار	stood on a small island	يقف عل جزيرة صغيرة
Excuse me	معذرة	in about 290 BCE	في حوالي ٢٩٠ ق .م
That's why = so	لذلك	OK, I was talking about	كنت اتكلم عن
Now, where was I	الأن اين كنت	by the sea	بجوار البحر
Can I just ask	ممكن أسأل	as a home for himself	كمنزل لنفسه

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listening

Tour guide:North Castle was once very beautiful. The tower on the left was higher than it is today. There were three floors and on each floor, there was one large room.
tourist 1: Excuse me. Can I ask you a question? Was there a river around the castle?
Tour guide: Yes, there was. That's why there is a bridge here. There were lots of fish in the river. But the river is dry now.
tourist 2: That's interesting.
Tour guide: Yes, the weather was very different here four hundred years ago.
tourist 1: Can I just ask who built the castle?
Tour guide: The king built it. He started building it in 1666 and finished it five years later in 1971. Now, where was I ?
tourist 2: You were talking about the weather.
Tour guide: Yes, it was very green here then. It rained a lot. Now, it doesn't rain very often. Now, I'll tell you about the rooms.
tourist 1: You I'm sorry to interrupt, but did the king live in the castle?
Tour guide: Yes, he did. OK, I was talking about the rooms. The room at the top of the tower was the dining room. on the second floor was the bed room. Now , let's go up these stairs to see the walls.

The Lighthouse of Alexandria

The Lighthouse of Alexandria stood on a small island near Alexandria to help boats at night. It was built at the time of King Ptolemy. He started building it in about ٢٩٠ BCE. He finished building it in about 283 BCE. Many earthquakes damaged the lighthouse. When the famous traveller Ibn Battuta visited Alexandria in 1349, he could not enter the lighthouse. It was too dangerous. By 1480, there was no lighthouse. The Sultan of Egypt built a fort where the lighthouse once stood. He used some of the stones from the old lighthouse to build it. Today, visitors can see Fort Qaitbey when they visit Alexandria.

The Muntazah palace is by the sea in Alexandria. King Abbas the 2nd built this as a home for himself in 1892.It has two towers and high walls around it on three sides. The other side faces the sea. You can't go inside the building now , but you can visit the beautiful gardens.

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Choose the correct answer :

1-The Muntazah ……. is by the sea in Alexandria.

a) Tower **b) Palace** **c) Museum** **d) Hospital**

2- The …… of Alexandria stood on a small island near Alexandria.

a) light **b) House** **c) Lighthouse** **d) Palace**

3- The Muntazah Palace has two towers and high…….

a) walls **b) balls** **c) holes** **d) goals**

4- Ibn Battuta was a famous …… . He visited many places.

a) traveller **b) teacher** **c) painter** **d) carpenter**

.5-The Sultan of Egypt used some …… from the old lighthouse.

a) bones **b) halls** **c) stones** **d) balls**

6- The Sultan of Egypt built Qaitbey ……

a) Fort **b) Port** **c) Lighthouse** **d) School**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- A husband of the queen is called prince. (……)

2- The Lighthouse of Alexandria helps **buses** at night.(……)

3- **The flood** is when the ground suddenly moves.(……)

4- A **port** is a strong building like small castle. (……)

5- You have a **visited**. She is your friend Nahla. (……)

6- Thousands of **tour** come to Egypt every year. (……)

Situations

Interrupting someone مقاطعة شخص	After people interrupt you بعد مقاطعة الناس لك
Excuse me. معذرة Can I ask a question?ممكن أسال سؤال Can I just ask...? ممكن طلب I'm sorry to interrupt, but..... .....أنا آسف لمقاطعة ولكن	للعودة مرة أخرى للحديث بعد مقاطعة شخص ما لك Now, where was I? والآن فيما كنت أتكلم ؟ OK, I was talking about حسنا كنت أتكلم عن

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Exercises For Now

***** Supply The missing parts in the following mini – dialogues.***

Tourist : Can I ask you about the Muntazah palace ?

Tour guide : …… .

Tourist : Thank you. I'll go and visit it garden.

2-Amr : My new flat consists of 3 room, I bought it last year .

Adel : I'm sorry to interrupt أقاطعك you, but is it new ?

Amr:. ……

****

B- Finish the following dialogue:

A guide tells a tourist about a library.

Guide : This building was once a library in Roman times.

Tourist: Excuse me. Can I …… a question ?
When did the Romans live here ?

Guide :It was around 30 BCE. Now, where …… I ?

Tourist: You were saying that this was once a ……

Guide : Yes. People came here to read and study.

Tourist: Can I just ask what they liked …… ?

Guide : They liked reading, music, sports etc الخ

Paragraph and E-mail

A-Write a paragraph of 6 sentences about " The Citadel "

The citadel is one of the most important monuments in Egypt. We call it Salah al- Din's castle. Salah al-Din built it to protect Cairo. It took eight years to complete. There are for museums in the Citadel. You can visit many mosques too.

" Cairo Tower "

The Cairo Tower is one of the most important famous buildings in Cairo. It took five years to build. It was opened in 1961. It's 187metres tall. It stands next to the Nile on Gazira Island .There is a restaurant at the top.

Test 2 on Unit 2

1-Listen and choose the correct answer

King Fuad opened Qasr al- Nil Bridge in 1933. Many people like to walk along the pavements of the Bridge in the evening.

1- Qasr al- Nil was opened in ……..

a) 1961 **b) 1933** **c) 1973** **d) 1956**

2- When do people like to walk along its pavements ?

a) in the morning **b) in the afternoon** **c) At night** **d) in the evening**

3- Who opened Qasr al-Nil Bridge ?

a) King Farouk **b) King Mina** **c) King Fuad** **d) King Abbas II**

2- Listen and answer the following questions

King Abbas II built the Muntazah Palace as a home for himself. It has two towers and high walls around it on three sides.

1- **Who built the Muntazah Palace ?**

2- **Why did King Abbas II build it ?**

3- **How many towers does it have ?**



3- Finish The following dialogue

A teacher is talking about Cairo Tower.

Teacher : Today's lesson is about Cairo Tower .

Shahd: How …… did it take to build it ?

Teacher: It took 5 ……

Shahd: …… was it open ?

Teacher: In 1961.

Soha : Sorry to interrupt, did you visit it ?

Teacher: Yes, let's complete. It's next to the Nile on Gazira ……

Samantha : English.

هذه المذكرة ملك فقط
مستر أسلام أحمد
ويسمح للعمل بها كما هي

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام احمد

4- Supply the missing parts in the following two mini dialogues:

Teacher : Who built the Citadel in Cairo ?
Mona: ....
Teacher: He is a great leader.

Esraa : ....?
Nora: King Ptolemy built in about 283 BCE.
Esraa: I hope I will visit it soon .

5- Read the following, then answer the questions:

At school we learn many subject . My favourite school subject is English . We learn it to be able to speak to tourists who come to Egypt . We also learn it to read English books and magazines . Most names of machines and medicines are written in English We also learn history and geography to know something about the world around us we learn Arabic to know our language very well .

A) Answer the following quertiony :-

فكر ارجع للقطعة

1- Can you read names of medicines ? why ?

2- What's your favourite subject ?

3- Is learning English able us to speak to tourists ?

B) Choose the correct answer :-

3- We learn .... because it's our first language .
a) English b) geography c) Arabic d) history
5- At school we learn many .... subjects .
a) bad b) useful c) horrible d) short

Write questions to these sentences :

مذاكرة بضمـــــــير + تركــــــيز + حل تدريبات من أول العام = تـــــــــــفـــــــــــوق

السؤال السادس : القصة / وقصة السنادي هيا (روبنسون كروزو) وعليها سؤالين
الأول / رتب احداث القصة (يديك أربع جمل والمطلوب ترتيبهم حسب الاحداث)
السؤال الثاني / سؤال يبدأ بكلمة استفهام فيه أربعة أسئلة (اتنين عن الاحداث / واتنين عن رايك في اللي حصل (تفكير نقدي)

الحصة الجاية أن شاء الله
مع مقدمة القصة والفصل الأول

Mr. Eslam Ahmed

7- Choose the correct answer :

1- If you…… a building, you go into it.

a) damage **b) enter** **c) leave** **d) walk**

2- People usually build ……. around gardens or between the rooms of a building.

a) statues **b) stairs** **c) walls** **d) corridors**

3- A…….. is a person who goes to many places.

a) tablet **b) truck** **c) tower** **d) traveller**

4- There's a beautiful …….. from the top of the mountain.

a) review **b) view** **c) preview** **d) interview**

5- I didn't …….. to the museum last week .

a) go **b) went** **c) gone** **d) going**

6- My sister …….. me a nice jacket yesterday .

a) buys **b) bought** **c) buy** **d) buying**

7- King Fuad built Muntazah …….. .

a) please **b) Place** **c) plus** **d) Palace**

8- I'm so sorry to …….. you, but did King Abbas build it ?

a) inter **b) interrupt** **c) internet** **d) entertainment**

٨- Read and correct the underlined word:

1- Thousand of **towers** comes to Egypt every year. (……)

2- In the evenings, I like to go out and walk on the **platform**. (……)

3- We **go** to Salah al- Din's Castle last Friday. (……)

4- Nawal got the full mark in English **next** week. (……)

9- A-Write a paragraph of 6 sentences about

" The Alexandria Lighthouse "

Unit 3 At the Weekend في عطلة نهاية الأسبوع

Lesson 1,2

كلمات الحصة الأولى

١	journey	رحلة	٢	activities	أنشطة
٣	weekend	نهاية الأسبوع	٤	project	مشروع
٥	relatives	أقارب	٦	temple	معبد
٧	ancient site	موقع قديم	٨	future plans	خطط مستقبلية
٩	countryside	الريف	١٠	exciting	مثير / ممتع
١١	excited	منفعل / سعيد	١٢	grandparents	الأجداد
١٣	present	هدية / الحالي	١٤	photos	صور
١٥	situation	موقف	١٦	family	عائلة
١٧	information	معلومات	١٨	party	حفلة
١٩	come back	يرجع	٢٠	picnic	فسحة / نزهة
21	flying car	سيارة طائرة	22	farm	مزرعة
٢٣	sweatshirt	قميص ثقيل	٢٤	yourself	نفسك
٢٥	future	المستقبل	٢٦	idea	فكرة

A -Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
crash	يصطدم	crashed	crashed
decide to	يقرر أن	decided to	decided to
happen	يحدث	happened	happened
plan	يخطط	planned	planned
predict	يتنبأ	predicted	predicted
stay	يبقى	stayed	stayed
enjoy	يستمتع	enjoyed	enjoyed

B- Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
drive	يقود سيارة	drove	driven
send	يرسل	sent	sent
come	يأتي	came	came
meet	يقابل	met	met
go	يذهب	went	gone

الكلمات تسميع الحصة الجاية

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Confusing Words

farm	مزرعة	⟷	form	نموذج
drive	يقود	⟷	dive	يغوص
plan	خطة	⟷	plane	طائرة
sure	متأكد	⟷	shore	شاطئ
site	موقع	⟷	sight / website	رؤية /موقع نت
picnic	نزهة	⟷	panic	ألم
ancient	قديم	⟷	modern	حديث
exciting		⟷	excited	
country		⟷	the country	

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

go on a holiday	يذهب في إجازة	work on a project	يعمل مشروع
stay with	يقيم مع	get home	يصل المنزل
have a picnic	يقوم بنزهة	thank شخص for	يشكر شخص
full of	ممتلئ بـ	at the weekend	في عطلة نهاية
on the farm	في المزرعة	excited about	سعيد بـ
for the first time	للمرة الأولى	on + Thursday يوم	في (الخميس)

Reading

Read the emails. Which of the activities in exercise 1 Are Tarek and Hassan going to do?

Hi Hassan,

I'm very excited about next weekend. We're going to go on a long journey to the countryside. We're going to stay with my grandparents on their farm! My dad's going to drive us there after school on Thursday. What are you going to do at the weekend? Have you got any plan?

Tarek.



Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر إسلام أحمد

Hello Tarek,

I hope you enjoy yourself on the farm. Will you send me some photos? Next Friday is going to be an exciting day for our family. We're all going to go to a big party at my uncle's house. My relatives from England are going to come. It will be fun to meet them for the first time .

On Saturday, we're going to visit an ancient site, the temples at Abu Simbel. I'm doing a project about them. Then we're going to have a picnic, too. Enjoy your weekend!

Hassan.

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- My uncles, aunts and cousins are my …… .

a) relatives **b) parents** **c) grandparents** **d) grandchildren**

2- Last week, I had a nice…… to Aswan on the Nile.

a) flight **b) holiday** **c) walk** **d) journey**

3- All my friends will have a …… next month.

a) panic **b) picnic** **c) kite** **d) king**

4- I asked my pen friend to …… me some photos.

a) visit **b) see** **c) send** **d) send**

5- Mr. Eslam hopes all his students ……. themselves on the holiday.

a) hate **b) love** **c) enjoy** **d) complete**

6- My …… is on Friday and Saturday.

a) week **b) end week** **c) end** **d) weekend**

7-I'm very excited…… the next weekend.

a) about **b) at** **c) in** **d) on**

8- My …… are my grandmother and grandfather.

a) parents **b) children** **c) grandparents** **d) relatives**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- My father always **dives** us to school. (……)

2- My family will go **at** a long journey. (……)

3- What are your **planes** for tomorrow ? (……)

4- **Modern** means very old. (……)

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر إسلام أحمد
حل كتير تقع الكتير

Grammar Study



Future forms



اشكال المستقبل البسيط

will	going to

❑ يتكون المستقبل البسيط من:

1. فاعل + will + المصدر
2. فاعل + am/is/are going to + المصدر

❑ يستخدم المستقبل البسيط مع كلمات مثل:

Tomorrow -next (year/month/week...) -in the future - soon -in a year, in a month, in a week

✶ I'll meet him tomorrow morning.
✶ She will visit us soon.
✶ Where will you be this time next year?



❑ استخدام will للتعبير عن المستقبل ❑

❑ To predict events ❑ مع التنبؤ
✶I think it will be hot tomorrow.

❑ To ask for something about the future
❑ طلب عمل شيء من شخص
✶Will you send us some photos?

❑ To give information about the future:
❑ عندما نعطى معلومات عن المستقبل
✶The party will start at two o'clock.

❑ When we decide to do something at the moment of speaking
❑ اتخاذ قرار سريع
✶I'm tired. I think I'll go to bed now

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

❑ لاحظ استخدام الكلمات الاتية غالبا مع: will

I expect - I'm sure ... I think - I don't think - I wonder - probably - possibly - I suppose -I hope - I believe - I feel sure - Perhaps..

✶ I **expect** she **will** pass the test.
✶ I **don't think** he **will** leave the country.
✶ I **wonder** what **will** happen.
✶ **I'll probably** be home late this evening.



❑ ويستخدم الحالة الأولي If مع: will

✶ **If** I **know** his address, **I'll** write him a letter

❑ النفى

فاعل + will not/ won't + المصدر

I **won't go** with them.

❑ السؤال

will +فاعل + المصدر

Will you **go** to the zoo with them?

❑ استخدام going to للتعبير عن المستقبل

❑ للتعبير عن نية أو عمل مخطط له أو قرار قبل لحظة الحديث:

- We are saving up because we **are going to buy** a car.
- **I'm going to make** some coffee. Do you want some?

❑ للتنبؤ بحدث في المستقبل يوجد ما يدل عليه في الحاضر:

- I'**m going to fail** this exam. (I haven't done much work)
- I think it'**s going to rain**. The sky's looking very dark.
- Watch out! The baby **is going to fall**.
- She's very ill. I'm afraid she'**s going to die**.

❑ النفى

فاعل + am-is- are + not going to + المصدر

•I'**m not going to go** with them.

❑ السؤال

Will +فاعل + المصدر

•**Will** you **go** to the zoo with them?

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

ملاحظات جميلة جداً :

١) الفرق بين will + Inf. و be going to :

- إذا كان التنبؤ قائم على دليل استخدم going to وإذا كان التنبؤ مجرد رأى شخصي استخدم will
- أما إذا كان القرار اتخذ الآن استخدم will أما إذا كان القرار في الماضي استخدم going to
- الصفات الشخصية الثابته لا تعتبر دليل لذلك تأخذ will

احفظ المحادثات الاتية

A: Will your friend send you an email next week?
B: Yes, he will. - No he won't

A: What do you think you will do next Monday evening?
B: I think I'll visit my uncle.

A: What will you do next Friday?
B: I'll write my homework.

A: What are you going to do when you get home today?
B: I'm going to have my lunch.

A: Are you going to see the match on Friday?
B: Yes, I'm. - No, I'm not.

Exercises For Now

1-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1-I can't ride a bike very well. I ……crash.
a] will **b] am going to** **c] am** **d] won't**

2- When …… you come tomorrow ?
a] did **b] do** **c] will** **d] are**

3- The sky is full of clouds. It …… rain.
a] is going **b] is going to** **c] will** **d] goes**

4- …… you going to come to the party ?
a] Is **b] Am** **c] Do** **d] Are**

5- I think it …… hot tomorrow.
a] will be **b] is going** **c] is** **d] goes to be**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Will you going to visit your grandparents ? (……)
2- I'm hungry. I am going to buy some food. (……)
3- I think Youssef is win the next match. (……)
4- Will you going to the library tomorrow ? (……)

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Homework

1- Supply the missing parts in the following mini- dialogues.

A- **Nagwa** : Can you help me carry me this heavy box ?

Shimaa : ……

Nagwa:Thank you very much.

B- **Jannat** : …… ?

Ahlam : Yes, I think there will be flying cars in the future.

Jannat : I hope so.

2- Finish the following dialogue:

Hani and Hatem are talking about a journey to Alex

Hani: We're going to go on a journey to Alexandria with the students.

Hatem: …… students are there ?

Hani: Thirty students.

Hatem: When …… it be ?

Hani: …… Thursday.

Hatem: Which …… will we visit?

Hani : The sea, Fort Qaitbey and Alexandria lighthouse.

حل يا باشا

3-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1-The Great pyramid الهرم الأكبر is one of the …… sites in Egypt.

a] modern **b] new** **c] ancient** **d] used**

2- I think she …… cook meatballs today.

a] will **b] is** **c] is going to** **d] did**

3- Sameh is going …… a party in England.

a] about **b] with** **c] at** **d] to**

4- Don't stay …… strangers أغراب during the holidays.

a] for **b] with** **c] to** **d] from**

5- We are going to go …… a long journey to the countryside.

a] at **b] on** **c] in** **d] of**

6-I'm …… a project about ancient sites.

a] making **b] taking** **c] having** **d] doing**

7- Do you have any …… for the weekend ?

a] plans **b] planes** **c] plants** **d] planets**

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

8- Hamdi is very fast . I think he ..... be in the Olympic games.
a] should **b] is going to** **c] will** **d] goes**

9- Can anyone help me carry this heavy box ? Yes, I ..... help you.
a] will **b] may** **c] am going to** **d] should**

10- It will be fun to meet them ..... the first time.
a] at **b] from** **c] of** **d] for**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- I visited my uncle **at** his farm. (.....)
2- I'm very **exciting** about the next match. (.....)
3- We're going to **having** a picnic this weekend. (.....)
4- Thank you from your e-mail. (.....)

5-Write an e-mail of (6) sentences on:

Your name is Amira. Write an e-mail to your friend Soha to tell her about your plans for the summer holiday.

To : Soha
From : Amira
Subject : The summer holiday
Hi Soha,

I'm very happy to write to you . How are you and your family ? We're going to Alexandria next summer. Please come with us! We're going there by train. We're going with our cousins. We're going to spend a week there. I'll phone you tonight and we can talk about it.

Yours
Amira



Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Lesson 3,4

كلمات الحصة الثانية

١	fossil	حفرية	٢	probably	من المحتمل
٣	message	رسالة	٤	sea animal	حيوان بحري
٥	skeleton	هيكل عظمي	٦	DVD	فيديو
٧	whale	حوت	٨	pause	مهلة (توقف مؤقت)
٩	bones	عظام	١٠	half past	و نصف
١١	moment	لحظة	١٢	world	العالم
١٣	arrangements	ترتيبات	١٤	quarter to	إلا ربع
١٥	telephone lines	خطوط تليفون	١٦	protected area	منطقة محمية
١٧	area	منطقة	١٨	look after	يعتني بـ
١٩	natural site	موقع طبيعي	٢٠	desert road	طريق صحراوي
٢١	coast	ساحل	٢٢	trip	رحلة

أماكن ومنظمات مشهورة (حفظ)

Unesco	منظمة اليونسكو
Wadi al- Hitan	وادي الحيتان
Jurassic Coast	ساحل جوراسك

Definitions تعريفات

Fossil	حفرية	This rock was an animal or plant many years ago.
Message	رسالة	Information that you say or write to another person.
Skeleton	هيكل	All the bones inside an animal or a person .
Whale	حوت	A very large sea animal
UNESCO	منظمة اليونسكو	Is an abbreviation of **United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization.** منظمة الأمم المتحدة للتربية والعلوم والثقافة (اليونسكو)

A- Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	التصريف الثالث
protect برو تيكت	يحمي	**protected**	**protected**
count كا ونت	يعد	**counted**	**counted**

B -Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
speak سبيك	يتحدث	spoke سبوك	spoken سبوكن
read ريد	يقرأ	read	read
leave ليف	يترك	left ليفت	left
ring رين	يرن	rang ران	rung رن

Confusing Words

bones	عظام	⟷	beans	فول
lines	خطوط	⟷	lions	أسود
coast	ساحل	⟷	cost	يكلف
walk	تمشية	⟷	wake	يوقظ
desert	صحراء	⟷	dessert	حلوى

listening

Listen to a telephone conversation. What are Huda and her family gong to do?

Mrs Sabry: Hello.
Huda: Hello, Mrs Sabri. Is Salma there, please?
Mrs Sabry: Who's speaking, please?
Huda: This is Huda
Mrs Sabry: No, I'm sorry, Salma isn't here at the moment,Huda. She's visiting her aunt.
Huda: When will she be home?
Mrs Sabry: I think she'll be home at about half past five. Can I take a message?
Huda. Yes. can you ask her to phone me, please ?
Mrs Sabri: Yes, of course.
Huda: Thank you very much. Goodbye, Mrs Sabri.
Mrs Sabri: Goodbye, Huda.

(sound of phone ringing and being answered)

Hello. Ali speaking.
Salma: Hello. All: This is Salma. May I speak to your sister. please?
Ali: Yes, just a moment. please.
(calling) Huda! Salma wants to talk to you. (pause)
Huda: Hi. Salma! Thank you for calling back! What are you going to do on Saturday?
Salma; I'll probably stay at home and read my book. Why? Are you going to do anything?
Huda: Yes. we 're going to have a picnic in the park. Do you want to come?
Salma: Oh, yes, that sounds fun! Thank you. What time shall I come to your house?
We're going to leave at about twelve o 'clock.
Salma: OK. I'll be there at quarter to twelve.
Huda: See you then!

Wadi al- hitan

- Wadi al-Hitan is a large area in the Western Desert. It is a very important natural site because there are many whale bones, skeletons and fossils there. The fossils are 40-50 million years old.
- People first found the bones and fossils in 1902. At that time, there were not many visitors to the area because the desert roads were too difficult to drive on. By the ١٩٨٠٥, people could drive more easily through the desert and more visitors started arriving.
- In 2005, UNESCO decided that Wadi al-Hitan should be protected.
- There are other famous places like Wadi al-Hitan that UNESCO protects around the world. **For example,** the Jurassic Coast is an area in the south of England where some of the fossils are over 100 million years old.
-

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Choose the correct answer :

1- The…… is all the bones inside an animal or a person.
a) skeleton **b) back** **c) brain** **d) neck**

2- Wada al-Hitan is very important …… site.
a) coastal **b) dangerous** **c) difficult** **d) natural**

3- UNESCO looks …… the world's most important places.
a) up **b) after** **c) at** **d) for**

4- For three years, I have been …… on a project about animals.
a) making **b) doing** **c) working** **d) taking**

.5-" Message" is…… that you say or write to another person.
a) information **b) language** **c) date** **d) news**

6- Jurassic Coast is a/an …… in the south of England.
a) Fort **b) Port** **c) area** **d) School**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Rahma is working **in** an important project. (……)
2- Thank you for calling **pack**, Radwa. (……)
3- A telephone **lions** are busy today. (……)
4- Milk makes your **beans** strong. (……)
5- What's for **desert** ? (……)
6- Can I **wash** DVD, please ? (……)

Language Functions

لعمل ترتيبات عبر الهاتف (الأرضي) توجد أكثر من طريقة للرد

1- Hello (اسم الذي رد) is speaking ? عند القيام بالرد علي التليفون

ثم يقول المتصل للسؤال عن الشخص المراد التحدث معه

2- Is (شخص) there, please ? أو May I speak to (شخص), please ?

وللسؤال عن من المتصل

3- Who's speaking, please ?

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر إسلام أحمد

4- This is (اسم المتصل) للتعريف عن النفس في التليفون

لو الشخص المراد الاتصال به موجود

5- Yes, just a moment, please. أو Hold on.

أما إذا كان غير موجود

6- No, I'm sorry(شخص) isn't there at the moment. أو

** He's not in right now .

عند طلب رسالة لتبليغها لشخص

7- Can I take a message ?

أو أن المتصل يريد ترك رسالة

8- Can you ask (شخص) to phone me, please ?

9- Got it . للتعبير علي أن الرسالة سوف تصل (فهمتها)

10- What's your telephone number ? للسؤال عن رقم التليفون ؟

للشكر علي معاودة الاتصال

11- Thank you for calling back ?

Exercises For Now

A- Finish the following dialogue:

Said is calling Waleed but his father replying .

Said	:	Hello, Is Waleed ……., please ?
Father	:	Who's …… ?
Said	:	This is Said.
Father	:	I'm sorry, Waleed isn't there at the ……
Said	:	Can you ask him …… me, please ?
Father	:	Sure, What is your number?
Said	:	088394582

How To write an E-mail

- نكتب to ثم اسم الشخص المرسل إليه
- نكتب from ثم اسم الشخص الراسل
- نكتب subject ثم الموضوع
- نستخدم اللغة الدارجة فى كتابة الايميل فنبدأ Hello او Hi
- نستخدم الاختصارات مثلا: We are نكتبها We're

To	**Dina**
From	**Salma**
Subject	**Next weekend**

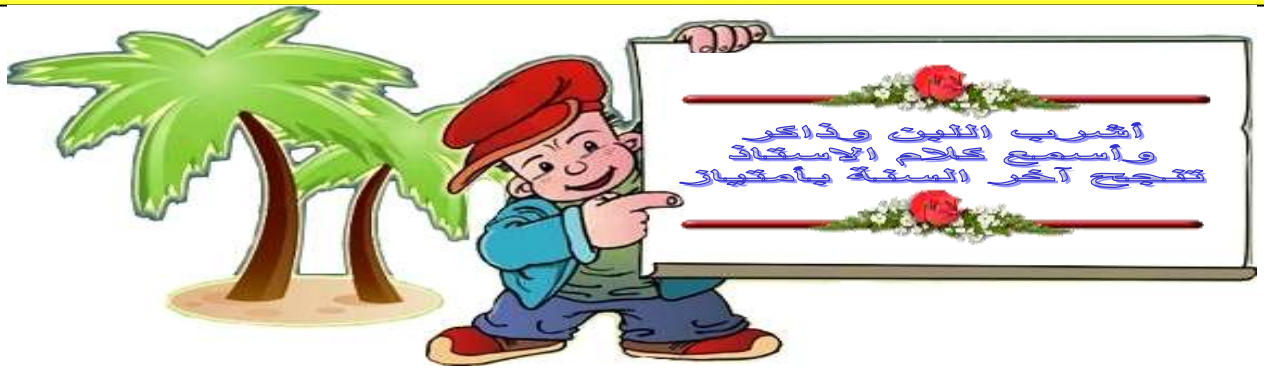
Hi Dina,

How are you ? We're going to visit the museum next weekend. Please come with us! We're going to drive there in my uncle's car. It'll be fun! I'll Phone you tonight and we can talk about it.

Salma

B-Write a paragraph of 6 sentences about " Wadi al-Hitan "

Wadi al-Hitan is a large area in the Western Desert. It is very important natural site. there are many whale bones, skeletons and fossils there. The fossils are 40-50 million years old. Now, visitors can drive easily through the desert. In 2005 UNESCO decided that Wadi al-Hitan should be protected area.



Test 3 on Unit 3

1-Listen and choose the correct answer

My relatives from England are going to come next Monday. It will be fun to meet them for the first time.

1- Where are your relatives come from ?

a) England **b) USA** **c) France** **d) Egypt**

2- When are you going to meet your relatives ?

a) Next Sunday **b) Next Friday** **c) Next Monday** **d) Next Saturday**

3- Did you meet your relatives before ?

a) Yes, I did **b) No, I don't** **c) Yes, I do** **d) No, h didn't**

2- Listen and answer the following questions

Next week, the class going to visit an ancient site, the Pyramids. The students are doing a project bout it. Then they are going to have a picnic

1- When are the class going to visit an ancient site ?

2- Which site the class going to visit ?

3- What are the students doing about the ancient site ?

3- Finish The following dialogue

Amr wants to speak to Fahd on the phone

Amr: Hello. Amr is speaking. Is Fahd here, please ?

Mother: Sorry, he isn't here at the …… .

Amr: When …… he come back ?

Mother: …… 10 p.m.

Amr: Can he …… me when he comes back ?

Mother: Of course.

هذه المذكرة ملك فقط
مستر أسلام أحمد
واي أقتباس منها أو العمل بها
ولو (وحدة / وحدة)
فهو من باب السرقة

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

4- Supply the missing parts in the following two mini dialogues:

Hesham : Where is the Muntazah Palace ?

Sabri : .....

Hesham: OK. I'll visit here in the nearly chance.

Faten : .....?

Rahma: My favourite place is Wadi al-Hitan

Faten: It's a nice place.

5- Read the following, then answer the questions:

English is the first language that is spoken all over the world. All my relatives and even my teachers always say, " You must learn English " It's not difficult, but unless you listen to English and use it, you will forget it. The English language gives us chance فرصة to read English books and know how other people think and live. If you go to foreignأجنبي country , you will need English to be able to talk people there. The English language gives us better chances to get good jobs.

A) Answer the following questions :-

فكر وارجع للقطعة

1- Why is English language is important ?

2- Do you think it's difficult to learn English ?

3- What do you need if you are I a foreign country ?

B) Choose the correct answer :-

3- People in ..... countries speak English.

a) few **b) some** **c) no** **d) many**

5- To get a good ....., you should be good at English.

a) book **b) job** **c) story** **d) ball**

6- The Reader (Robinson Crusoe) :-

A- Put The events into the correct order

A.	Crusoe slept in a tree	
B.	Pirates took Crusoe's ship and sold him as a slave.	
C.	Crusoe became a farmer in Brazil.	
D.	Crusoe went to London and found a ship which was sailing to Guinea.	

B-Answer the following questions

1- When did Defoe write his first book, Robinson Crusoe ?

2- How old was Robinson when he went to London?

3-Do you think Crusoe was a brave man?

4- Why do you think he decided to leave Brazil and became a trader again?

7- Choose the correct answer :

1- The match we watched was very ……

a) exciting **b) excited** **c) exact** **d) exactly**

2- My …… is to go to Alex next summer.

a) plane **b) play** **c) plan** **d) picnic**

3- What are you …… to do at the weekend ?

a) doing **b) go** **c) will go** **d) going**

4- The sky is full of dark …… It's going to rain.

a) stars **b) birds** **c) clouds** **d) planes**

5- There's no milk left. I ……buy some.

a) am going to **b) will** **c) won't buy** **d) could**

6- I'm sure that Arwa …… get the full mark in the exam.

a) will **b) is going to** **c) didn't** **d) is**

7- The school will visit an ancient ……

a) side **b) sight** **c) sea** **d) site**

8- Hello, Eslam is speaking, is Sayed …… please ?

a) where **b) there** **c) near** **d) here**

8- Read and correct the underlined word:

1- Some fossils are **on** 100 million years old. (.....)

2- I'm hungry. I **can** eat now . (.....)

3- What time will Hamza **being** back home ? (.....)

4- Do you want **coming** ? (.....)

9- A-Write a paragraph of 6 sentences about

" The weekend"

9-Write an e-mail of (6) sentences on:

To your friend Habiba telling her a bout the job you want to do in the Future. Your name is Fatma.

To	
From	
Subject	

Hi

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Unit 2 Sports رياضات

Lesson 1,2

كلمات الحصة الأولى

	الكلمة	معناها		الكلمة	معناها
١	sport	رياضة	٢	northeast	شمال شرقي
٣	competition	مسابقة	٤	Kenya	كينيا
٥	Stadium	استاد	٦	Ivory coast	ساحل العاج
٧	team	فريق	٨	Morocco	المغرب
٩	international	دولي	١٠	Egypt	مصر
١١	seat	مقعد	١٢	Tunisia	تونس
١٣	diving	الغطس	١٤	Algeria	الجزائر
١٥	hockey	الهوكي	١٦	Sports Day	يوم رياضي
١٧	horse riding	ركوب الخيل	١٨	final	نهائي
١٩	table tennis	تنس الطاولة	٢٠	recent	حديث
21	squash	اسكواش	22	pool	حمام سباحه
٢٣	tennis	تنس	٢٤	how far	كم المسافة
٢٥	basketball	كرة السلة	٢٦	airport	مطار

بطولات وأماكن رياضية

World Cup	كأس العالم
African Cup of Nations	بطولة الأمم الأفريقية
Cairo international Stadium	إستاد القاهرة الدولي
Wimbledon	مدينة ويمبلدون (بها أكبر مسابقة للتنس)

A -Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة

Present simple مضارع بسيط		Past simple	تصرف ثالث
include	يشمل	included	included
play	يلعب	played	played
want	يريد	wanted	wanted
watch	يشاهد	watched	watched

B- Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
win	يفوز	won	won
beat	يهزم	beat	beaten
tell	يخبر	told	told
make	يصنع	made	made
swim	يعوم	swam	swum

Confusing Words

spaces	مسافات	⟷	spices	توابل
seat	مقعد	⟷	sit	يجلس
country	دولة	⟷	century	قرن (١٠٠ عام
street	شارع	⟷	straight	مباشرة

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

all over Africa	في كل انحاء أفريقيا	talk about	يتكلم عن
for the fifth time	للمرة الخامسة	at the sports club	في النادي الرياضي
answer to	يجيب على	all around the world	حول العلم
the home of	موطن (مكان استضافة)	good at	جيد في

Reading

Cairo International Studium

Cairo International Stadium is in Nasr City, which is in the northeast of Cairo and about ten kilometres. The stadium has 75,000 seats for people who want to watch sports. In 2006, this was the place where football teams played in the African Cup of Nations . Sixteen teams from countries all over Africa played in this competition, including Kenya, Morocco and Tunisia. The final was between Egypt and the Ivory Coast. Egypt won the competition, for the fifth time!

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

❖ **Cairo International Stadium is the home of** موطن **Egyptian football. You can watch nearly all of the most important football matches there. But there are lots of spaces which are used for other sports : tennis, basketball, hockey, table tennis, squash and karate. There is a 50- metre swimming pool and diving pool. There is also stadium where you can watch horse riding.**

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Choose the correct Answer

1- The World Cup is a football…….. between countries from all round the world.
a) game **b) match** **c) competition** **d) playing**

2- Our English book this term…….. 9 units.
a) consists **b) has** **c) gets** **d) gym**

3- Football is my favourite…….. .
a) food **b) match** **c) subject** **d) sport**

4- There's a 50- metre swimming ……in the Cairo International Stadium.
a) pool **b) mall** **c) suit** **d) ball**

5- Sinai is in the …….. of Egypt.
a) south **b) north** **c) northeast** **d) northwest**

6- Cairo …….. Stadium is in Nasr City.
a) Local **b) National** **c) Global** **d) International**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- We like to play **desk** tennis at the club. (……)
2- Which sport do you like **watch** ? (……)
3- Is there a sit to relax for some time ? (……)
4- Go **street** on this road, then turn right. (……)



Relative Clauses
العبارات الموصولة



ضمائر الوصل (تعمل عمل الصفة – تأتي بعد الموصوف – وتبدأ باسم موصول

الأداة	المعنى	الاستخدام	أمثلة
who	الذي / التي / الذين / اللائي للفاعل العاقل	تستخدم عندما نريد ان نعطي معلومات اكثر عن انسان (محل الفاعل العاقل المكرر بالجملة الثانية Noun + who +verb/subject	* A doctor is a person **who** examines patients
which	الذي / التي / الذين / اللائي غير العاقل	تستخدم عندما نريد ان نعطي مزيدا من المعلومات عن جماد او حيوان	***A chair is a thing which you can sit on.*** ***A rabbit is an animal which we like.***
that	الذي / التي / الذين / اللائي للفاعل العاقل وغير العاقل	تستخدم بنفس معني who / which	***That is the scientist who / that won the Noble Prize.*** ***We bought a new car which \ that is very expensive.***
where	حيث	تستخدم عندما نريد ان نأكد كلامنا علي مكان معين	***A cinema is a place where we can see films***
when	حينما / عندما	(حينما) وتحل محل الزمان أو ظرف زمني	***Summer is the season when we take our holidays .***



عند الاختيار يراعى ان ننظر الى الاسم الذي قبل النقط مباشرة فاذا كان

١- اسم عاقل نختار who

٢-غير عاقل which

٣- مكان وبعده اسم او ضمير where

٤- مكان او زمان وبعده فعل which

٥- وقت وبعده اسم او ضمير when

٦-قبل الاقواس اسم وبعدها اسم له علاقة بما قبلها whose

٧-هذه الضمائر لا ياتى بعدها فعل مطلقا where/when/whose/whom

كلام في سرك

Exercises For Now

1-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1-Mr. Magdi is the teacher ..... teaches us science.
a] where **b] which** **c] who** **d] when**

2- This is the house ..... grandfather lived when he was a child.
a] who **b] which** **c] why** **d] that**

3- That's the horse ..... won the competition.
a] who **b] when** **c] where** **d] which**

4- Hamdi is the boy ..... can swim really fast.
a] who **b] where** **c] when** **d] what**

5- This is the tree ..... I like.
a] that **b] where** **c] who** **d] when**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- We bought a flat **who** is near the school. (.....)

2- Football is a very popular sport **when** van be played anywhere. (.....)

3- People **which** do this sport usually like animals. (.....)

4- Will you **going** to the library tomorrow ? (.....)

Homework

1- Supply the missing parts in the following mini- dialogues.

A- **Mustafa** : When did Egypt won the African Cup of Nations ?

Samer : .....

Mustafa: We beat هزمنا Ivory Coast .

B- **Aya** : ..... ?

Ahlam : Because I'm not very good at swimming.

Aya : Oh, come on . It'll be fun.

2- Finish the following dialogue:

Seif is asking Mo'men to go with him to the club.

Seif: Would you like to come with me to the club ?

Mo'men: Yes, I would. But I'm not ..... at playing sports.

Seif: Don't ..... I'll help you .

Mo'men: ..... game do you play ?

Seif: I play squash.

Mo'men: It's wonderful. ..... start today.

حل يا باشا

3-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1-Egypt won the African Cup Of Nation for the ..... times.
a] five **b] fifth** **c] fifteen** **d] fifty**

2- You can have a swim in the ..... pool.
a] swimmer **b] swimming** **c] swims** **d] swim**

3- What's the name of the story ..... you are reading ?
a] where **b] which** **c] how** **d] who**

4- A..... is a sport you can practise with a ball.
a] horse riding **b] diving** **c] hockey** **d] swimming**

5- That's the car ..... my cousin bought a week ago.
a] which **b] when** **c] who** **d] where**

6-I always thank people ..... help me.
a] when **b] how** **c] where** **d] who**

7- There is a ..... in Cairo which has 75,000 seats.
a] pool **b] port** **c] stadium** **d] tower**

8- Arabic is a ..... which spoken in many countries.
a] colour **b] language** **c] nationality** **d] place**

9- Will you watch the match on TV or on ..... ?
a] desk **b] play** **c] stadium** **d] station**

10- Can you book تحجز لي me a ..... at the stadium ?
a] chair **b] desk** **c] stool** **d] seat**

4- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Football is my favourite **maths**. (.....)

2- This is tree **which** this bird lives. (.....)

3- Ivory **cost** is an African country . (.....)

4- Egypt won the African **glass** of Nations in 2006. (.....)

Lesson 3,4

كلمات الحصة الثانية

	الكلمة	معناها		الكلمة	معناها
١	sport centre	مركز رياضي	٢	grade	صف / درجة
٣	similar to	مشابه لـ	٤	university	جامعة
٥	fit	لائق	٦	Olympic sport	لعبة أوليمبية
٧	jumper	بلوفر	٨	go for a run	يجري
٩	exercises	تمارين	١٠	Don't worry	لا تقلق
١١	person	شخص	١٢	quickly	بسرعه
١٣	activities	أنشطة	١٤	racket	مضرب تنس
١٥	accident	حادثة	١٦	difficult	صعب
١٧	squash player	لاعب اسكواش	١٨	long way	طريق طويل
١٩	amazing	مذهل	٢٠	take turns	يتبادل الأدوار
21	sorry	آسف / حزين	22	get tired	يصاب بالتعب

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	التصريف الثالث
encourage	يشجع	encouraged	encouraged
agree	يوافق	agreed	agreed
invent	يخترع	invented	invented
change	يغير	changed	changed
practise	يتمرن	practised	practised
remember	يتذكر	remembered	remembered

B -Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
run	يجري	ran	run
do	يفعل	did	done
be (am - is - are)	يكون	was / were	been
become	يصبح	became	become
get	يحصل	got	got
come on	تقدم (أمر)	came on	come on
go into	يدخل	went into	gone into

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Confusing Words

invent	يخترع	⟷	invite	يدعو / يعزم
practise	يتمرن	⟷	practice	تمرين
turn	دور	⟷	train	قطار
won	فاز	⟷	one	١
racket	مضرب تنس	⟷	rocket	صاروخ

Language notes

play	do	go

play يلعب	تأتي قبل الالعاب التي يستخدم قبلها كرة أو العاب الذكاء والترفيه
play(football- basketball – tennis – chess شطرنج – computer games ألعاب الكمبيوتر	
do يمارس	تأتي قبل الألعاب التي تحتاج قوي بدنية أو رياضية قتالية عنيفة
☒ do (karate – Kong fu – weight lifting رفع الأثقال - Judo athletics ألعاب القوي	
go يذهب	تأتي قبل الألعاب التسابقية

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

go on	يستمر	let's + مصدر (go)	هيا
come on	تقدم / هيا / تعالي	get tired	يصاب بالإرهاق
go into / enter	يدخل (مكان)	work hard	يعمل بجد
worried about	قلق على	stop +(فعل+ing) trying	يتوقف عن المحاولة

listening

Huda : Hi, Lama. Let's go to the sport centre and play squash.
Lama : I last played squash two years ago. I can't remember how to play it.
Huda: Don't worry. It's not difficult. You play tennis, don't you أليس كذلك ? Squash is similar to tennis.
Lama: I like tennis, but I'm not very good at squash.

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Huda : Oh, come on, It'll be fun.
Lama: I'll get tired very quickly. I'm not very fit.
Huda: Oh, go on ! you can do it !
Lama: All right! I'll play .
Huda: Let's do some exercises first. When you get fitter, you'll be good at squash. Let's run to the end of the road.
Lama: That's a long way.
Huda: Come on, you can do it.
Lama: Ok. I'll do it.
Huda : Great! One, two, three - let's run.

Amazing people

Ramy Ashour is an Egyptian **who** is the number one international squash player. Squash is the sport **which** he loves, so he is sorry حزين that it is not an Olympic sport . He is working hard to change this.

##################

Ibrahim Hamato is an amazing man who plays table tennis for Egypt .When he was ten, he had an accident that changed his life. Now he has no arms, but he plays table tennis very well.

##################

Michael Jordan is an American basket ball player **who** once didn't get into the school basketball team! But he **didn't stop trying** لم يتوقف عن المحاولة and he became one of the best players in the world.

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Choose the correct answer :

1- Do you know how to …… squash.

a) make **b) take** **c) play** **d) do**

2- Ramy Ashour is an Egyptian squash…… .

a) worker **b) goalkeeper** **c) player** **d) referee**

3- My mother…… me to join the school basketball team.

a) made **b) encouraged** **c) gave** **d) ate**

4- You need a …… to play tennis.

a) rocket **b) pocket** **c) racket** **d) socket**

.5- Adel has played four matches. I think he will…… tired.

a) get **b) go** **c) play** **d) make**

6- My laptop is …… to yours.

a) as **b) the same** **c) similar** **d) alike**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- I like to **play** karate every week. (……)

2- Manar says she isn't good **for** tennis. (……)

3- I'm **sorrow** that squash isn't an Olympic game.(……)

4- **Driving** is go down under water. (……)

5- Michael Jordan is an **America** basketball player. (……)

6- We make turns to look after the baby. (……)

Situations

Encouraging someone تشجيع شخصا ما	Agreeing to do somthing الموافقة علي عمل شئ ما
1-Don't worry, it's not difficult. لا تقلق ليس الأمر صعباً 2- Oh, come on, it'll be fun ! أوه هيا ، ستكون ممتعة! 3- Oh, go on ! You can do it ! 4-واصل / استمر باستطاعتك أن تفعل هذا ! 5- Don't stop trying. لا تتوقف عن المحاولة. 6- I'll help you. سوف أساعدك	**All right ! I'll do .** حسنا سوف أفعل **OK. I'll do .** موافق سوف أفعل **OK. I'll try** موافق سوف أحاول

Exercises For Now

***** Supply The missing parts in the following mini – dialogues.***

Huda : I'm worried about studying English, what do you think ?
Mother : …… .
Huda: OK. I'll try.

2-Marwa : …… .
Hadeer : All right! I'll play this game with you.
Marwa: Good. I'm sure you'll do it.

3-Aya : What do you like doing ?
Tasneem : ……
Marwa: Me too.

4-Omar : ……?
Kareem : Don't worry. You can do it. Tennis is easy.
Huda: Please, help me do that.

****

B- Finish the following dialogue:

Khaled and Eslam are talking about Ramy Ashour

Khaled: Have you heard about Ramy Ashour ?
Eslam: Yes, he is an …… player.
Khaled:Which sport does he …… ?
Eslam: Squash.
Khaled: Did he …… any competition ?
Eslam: ……, he did.

Paragraph and E-mail

A-Write a paragraph of 6 sentences about " Famous Sportsmen"

Ramy Ashour is an Egyptian player. He loves squash a lot. He is sorry that it is not an Olympic sport. Ibrahim Hamato is an amazing man who plays table tennis for Egypt. When he was ten, he had an accident that changed his life. Now, he has no arms but he plays table tennis very.

Test 4 on Unit 4

1-Listen and choose the correct answer

استمع و اجب

1- What game does Ibrahim Hamato play ?

a) tennis **b) Judo** **c) Table tennis** **d) Squash**

2- Ibrahim Hamato had an accident when he was…… .

a) 10 **b) 15** **c) 20** **d) 5**

3- What did the accident do to Ibrahim ?

a) It stopped his life **b) It changed his life**

c) It helped his life **d) It was bad for his life**

2- Listen and answer the following questions

Cairo International Stadium is in Nasr City, in the northeast of Cairo and about ten kilometres from the airport. The stadium has 75.000 seats for people who want to watch sports.

1- Where is the stadium from the airport ?

2- How many seats are there in the stadium ?

3- How far the stadium from the airport ?

3- Finish The following dialogue

Wael is going to the stadium to watch a match.

Shrif: Where are you going, Wael ?

Wael : I'm going to the ……

Shrif: Are there any football ……played today?

Wael: Of course, there is one …… Zamalek and Enppi.

Shrif: Which team do you think will …… ?

Wael: Our team. I hope so.

4- Supply the missing parts in the following two mini dialogues:

1-Ola : Will you play volleyball with me?

Sara : ……

Ola : I think you'll enjoy it.

2-Rowan : This English homework is difficult. What do you think ?

Raonaa: ……

Rowan: OK. I'll try.

56- The Reader (Robinson Crusoe) :-

A- Put The events into the correct order

E.	Crusoe was taken to Brazil.	
F.	Crusoe was born in 1632 in York.	
G.	Crusoe was taken to Morocco .	
H.	When he was 18, Crusoe sailed to Guinea.	

B-Answer the following questions

1- When and where was Robinson Crusoe born ?

2- What did Crusoe want to do after school?

3-What did Crusoe take with him on the ship ?

4- How long Crusoe spend in Morocco?

7- Choose the correct answer :

1- This is the site ..... should be protected.
a) where **b) which** **c) who** **d) what**

2-Ramy Ashour is a ..... player.
a) football **b) squash** **c) basketball** **d) handball**

3- Here is the goal keeper .حارس المرمى ..... plays for our team
a) which **b) what** **c) where** **d) who**

4- I'm very tired. I want to go .....
a) hotel **b) school** **c) home** **d) flat**

5- My father always .....me to do well in exams.
a) watches **b) learns** **c) wakes** **d) encourages**

6- I'll go to ..... to take plane to Paris.
a) airport **b) port** **c) station** **d) bus stop**

7- Lamia can't remember ..... to play squash.
a) what **b) how** **c) why** **d) when**

8- Samir found the watch ..... I lost yesterday.
a) where **b) there** **c) when** **d) which**

8- Read and correct the underlined word:

1- Aboda can't do a sport. He isn't **fat**. (.....)
2- Ahlam is the squash player **which** I like best. (.....)
3- **Let** go for a walk. (.....)
4- Our club has a new swimming **ball** . (.....)

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

9- A-Write a paragraph of 6

" Sports are good for our health "

9-Write an e-mail of (6) sentences on:

To your friend Adel telling him a bout the Cairo International Stadium . Your name is Tarek.

To	**Adel**
From	**Tarek**
Subject	***Cairo International Stadium***

Dear Adel,

I would like to <u>invite you</u> أعزمك to come with me to watch the important match between Al- Ahly and El – Zamalek. We will go and watch it at Cairo international Stadium. The stadium has 75,000 seats. There are also lots of spaces for other sports. I'm sure you will enjoy and have good time.

Tarek

www.khawagah.blogspot.com

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Unit 5 People who we admire
الناس الذين نُعجب بهم

Lesson 1,2

كلمات الحصة الأولى

١	prize	جائزة	٢	success	ناجح
٣	hero	بطل	٤	busy	مشغول
٥	architect	مهندس معماري	٦	sportspeople	الرياضيون
٧	ankle	كاحل القدم	٨	opinion	رأي
٩	headline	عنوان	١٠	thief	لص
١١	successful	ناجح	١٢	newspaper	جريدة
١٣	medal	ميدالية	١٤	lamb	خروف صغير
١٥	flowers	زهور	١٦	accident	حادثة
١٧	interesting	شيق	١٨	study	دراسة
١٩	information	معلومات	٢٠	difficult	صعب
21	blog	مدونة نت	22	medicine	طب / دواء
٢٣	degree	درجة	٢٤	swimmer	سباح
٢٥	university graduate	خريج جامعة	٢٦	hard work	العمل الجاد

A- Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
admire	يعجب	admired	admired
return	يعود	returned	returned
complete	يكمل	completed	completed
finish	ينهي	finished	finished
graduate	يتخرج	graduated	graduated

B- Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
have/has	يملك	هاد had	had هاد
swim	يسبح	سوام swam	swum سـ وم
become	يصبح	بي كيم became	become بي كم
write	يكتب	روت wrote	written ري تن
teach	يعلم	توت taught	taught توت
win	يفوز	وان won	won وان

الكلمات تسميع الحصة الجاية

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر إسلام أحمد

Definitions تعريفات

Prize	جائزة	Something you can get for doing well in work, sport
Successful	ناجح	Doing very well.
Admire	يعجب	Like and have a good opinion of someone.
Hero	بطل	Someone who you like because they are very good at something.

Confusing Words

medal	ميدالية	⟷	model	نموذج
lamb	خروف صغير	⟷	lamp	نموذج
prize	جائزة	⟷	price	سعر
degree	درجة علمية	⟷	agree	يوافق
sell	يبيع	⟷	sail	يبحر
won	فاز	⟷	one	١

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

prize for	جائزة لـ	good at	جيد في
at first	في الأول	have an accident	يعمل حادثة
do well	يؤدي جيدا	easy for	سهل لـ
write about	يكتب عن	stop swimming	يتوقف عن
get a degree	يحصل عل درجة علمية	with hard work	بالعمل الجاد
talk to شخص	يتحدث إلى	talk about شئ	يتحدث عن

Reading (MY HERO)

❖ My hero, Yasser, is 22. He always wanted to be an engineer. However, when he was twelve, he had a car accident and he couldn't walk again. Life was difficult for Yasser at first, but he worked hard and became the best student in his class. When he finished school, he went to university and got a degree. Now Yasser has become an engineer.

❖ Has life been easy for Yasser? No, it hasn't. Yasser hasn't won prizes and people haven't written about him in the newspaper. But he has taught me that with hard work, you can be successful.

Tarek

RANIA ELWANI

❖ Rania Elwani is one of the world's fastest swimmers. She started swimming when she was 13 and won 77 medals in swimming competitions. She has stopped swimming and has become a university graduate, with a degree in medicine .

❖ Now she has a busy life as a doctor. She also works hard to help sports in Egypt. In 2005, she opened a swimming school for young swimmers who want to be in the Olympics. Elwani has taught us that you can do well at lots of things if you want to .

❖ Salma

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Choose the correct Answer

1- A..... is Something you can get for doing well in work.

a-gift b- prize c- statue d- competition

6- She has become a university .....

a- graduated graduates c- graduate d- graduation

3- Life was difficult for Yasser .....first

a- for b-on c- at d- of

4- My aunt .....a busy life as a doctor.

a- is b- are c- have d- has

5- My ..... is Mohamed Salah. I love him very much.

a) here b) hero c) hair d) admired

6- I can't see my father. He has a ..... life.

a) free b) thin c) easy d) busy

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Soha can now **make** many things well. (.....)

2- To be a doctor, get a degree in **maths**. (.....)

3- We can talk **with** important events. (.....)

4- Has life been easy **to** you your father. (.....)

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر إسلام أحمد

Grammar Study



The Present Perfect

المضارع التام



Usage — الاستخدام

* يستخدم المضارع التام لنعبر عن حدث انتهى من وقت قصير
* و يستخدم مع حدث بدأ في الماضي وربما يستمر في الحاضر والمستقبل.

* I **have just finished** my homework.
* My uncle and aunt **have written** me an email.

From — التكوين

I – You – We -They	+ have	+	التصريف الثالث pp
He – She- it – الاسم المفرد	+ has		

* She **has played** tennis
* They **have lived** in Giza



****

key words — الكلمات الدالة

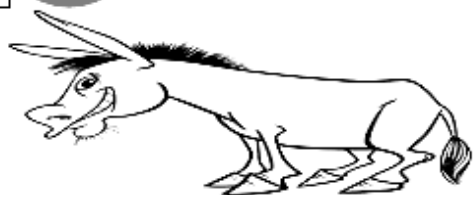
just فوا	already! تقريبا	Yet حتى الآن
ever ابدا	never ابدا	Since منذ
for مدة	Lately مؤخرا	recently حديثا

****

النفى

I – You – We -They	+ have	not	التصريف الثالث pp
He – She- it – الاسم المفرد	+ has		

* She **has not played** tennis
* They **have not lived** in Giza.



Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

السؤال



Have - Has + فاعل + pp?

أداة الاستفهام + have - has + فاعل + pp?

* **Have** you **finished** your homework?
* **Yes**, I **have**./**No**, I **haven't**.
* **What have** you **done**?

****

احفظ المحادثات الاتية

A: **Have you visited England before?**
B: Yes, I have,
B: No, I haven't.
A: **What have you done?**
B: I have played football.
B: I have had my lunch.

Has/ have **been to** ذهب الى مكان و عاد
= **came back**

* He **has been to** China. (= He visited China at some time in the past, and has now returned.)

Has/ have **gone to** ذهب الى مكان و لم يعد
= **didn't come back / still there / stayed there**



* Hassan **has gone to** England.
(= He is in England now.)
* Hassan **has been to** England.
(= He visited England at some time in the past, and has now returned.)

Exercises For Now

1-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1-His father is there now. His father has…….there to work.
a] gone **b] been** **c]be** **d] go**

2- Faten has ……these beautiful pictures.
a] draw **b] drew** **c]draws** **d] drawn**

3- …… you met our new English teacher?.
a] Have **b] Has** **c]Having** **d] Do**

4- Imad and his brother have……a lot of sports competitions .
a]win **b] won** **c]wins** **d] winning**

5- Maher's father…… climbed the world's highest mountains.
a] have **b] has** **c] is** **d] was**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- I **have drawn** this picture last week. (……)
2- Someone **have** sent me this e-mail. I don't know who he is. (……)
3- That farmer has **grow** these vegetables. (……)
4- Ali's friend has **wrote** him an email. (……)

Homework

1- Supply the missing parts in the following mini- dialogues.

A- **Amira** : Have you cooked the lunch yet ?
Mother : ……
Amira: Great ! I'm very hungry.

B- **Emam** : …… ?
Ahlam : I have had my lunch.

2- Finish the following dialogue:

Azza is telling Manal about her sport.

Azza : I want to be a famous sportswoman.
Manal: Which…… Do you like ?
Azza: …… So I joined a school for young swimmers.
Manal: Is it …… to learn ?
Azza: No, it is easy.
Manal: How often do you …… it ?
Azza : I practise it twice a week.

حل يا باشا

3-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1 My cousin has…… a successful football player.
a] becoming **b] became** **c] to become** **d] become**

2- Ali is a university …… He has a degree in medicine.
a] degree **b] hero** **c] graduate** **d] prize**

3- Have you …… to Luxor?
a] be **b] are** **c] were** **d] been**

4- Imad has …… to America. He is still there.
a] been **b] gone** **c] go** **d] being**

5- Noran has always been very……at her job. She is the best!
a] hero **b] successful** **c] easy** **d] similar**

6- I will get a …… when I finish university.

a] graduate **b] prize** **c] medal** **d] degree**

7- That woman is ……. ! Her photo is in all the newspapers.

a] hero **b] graduate** **c] famous** **d] good!**

8- Have you cooked lunch ? -Yes, ……

a] I had **b] I did** **c] I do** **d] I have**

9- Has Ramy…… his homework ?

a] finish **b] finished** **c] finishing** **d] finishes**

10-…… the thief taken your phone ?

A] Does **b] Did** **c] Have** **d] Has**

11- I've…… to my father on the phone.

a] talk **b] talks** **c] talked** **d] talking**

12- Ali has not …… to this city before.

a] was **b] been** **c] be** **d] being**

13- How much lamb have they…… from the supermarket?

a] buy **b] bought** **c] buys** **d] buying**

14- After completing university, a student gets a ……

a] prize **b] degree** **c] competition** **d] medal**

4- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- John has **been** to England. He is coming back tomorrow. (……)

2- Has Huda **buys** her mother some flowers? (……)

3- With hard work, you can be **unsuccessful**. (……)

4- Which famous places have you **visit**? (……)

5- A-Write a paragraph of 6

" Rania Elwani "

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Lesson 3,4

كلمات الحصة الثانية

١	famous	مشهور	٢	law	القانون
٣	place of birth	مكان الميلاد	٤	poor family	عائلة فقيرة
٥	date of birth	تاريخ الميلاد	٦	exciting	مدهش
٧	charity	جمعية خيرية	٨	age / old	عمر
٩	neighbour	جار	١٠	holiday	إجازة
١١	amazing	مدهش	١٢	newspaper	جريدة
١٣	pleased	مسرور	١٤	unusual	غير عادي
١٥	village	قرية	١٦	good time	وقت طيب / ممتع
١٧	professor	استاذ جامعي	١٨	university	جامعة
١٩	science degree	شهادة علمية	٢٠	office	مكتب

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	التصريف الثالث
introduce	يقدم	introduced	introduced
visit	يزور	visited	visited
sail	يبحر	sailed	sailed
travel	يسافر	travelled	travelled

B -Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
meet	يقابل	ran	run
ride	يركب	did	done
know	يعرف	was / were	been
do	يفعل	became	become

Confusing Words

law	قانون	⟷	low	قليل/ منخفض
age	عمر	⟷	ago	منذ
poor	فقير	⟷	pour	يصب
pleased	مسرور	⟷	please	أرجو
meet	يقابل	⟷	meat	لحمة

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Language Functions

Compound Nouns الأسماء المركبة

الأسم المركب : هوكلمة مكونة من جزئين [اسم + اسم] أو [صفة + اسم] أو [فعل + اسم]

noun+noun (اسم+اسم)
- news + paper → newspaper
- ground + floor → groundfloor
- earth + quake → earthquake

adjective+noun (اسم+صفة)
- mobile + phone → mobile phone

verb+noun (اسم+فعل)
- post + office → post office

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

introduce شخص to شخص	يعرف...	born to a poor family	ولد في أسرة فقيرة
sail on the Nile	تقدم / هيا / تعالي	at the age of	في سن....
start + ing	يبدأ	It's difficult to	من الصعب أن
get married	يتزوج	get a degree in	يحصل على شهادة في
work hard	يعمل بجد	work with	يتعامل مع

listening

Name	:Tathagat Avatar Tulsi.
Date of birth	: 9 September 1987
Place of birth	: Patna, India.
At the age of 10	: Science degree (Patna University, India).
At the age of 23	: Professor (Mumbai, India).
Prizes	: Many from India and other countries.



ou ?

Mr Sabri : I'm fine, thanks, Mr Ibrahim,
Mr Ibrahim : I'm fine, too. Have you met my friend, Mr Banks, from England ? Mr Banks, this is my neighbour, Mr Sabri.
Mr Banks : How do you do ?
Mr Sabri : Pleased to meet you, Mr Banks. Have you visited Cairo before ?
Mr Banks : No, 1 haven't. This is my first visit. Cairo is an amazing city.
Mr Sabri : Have you come here for a holiday ?
Mr Banks : No, I've come here to work! I take photos for a newspaper.
Mr Sabri : Do you travel a lot in your job ?
Mr Banks : Yes, I've been to many countries.
Mr Sabri : Have you seen any famous places in Egypt ? Have you sailed on the Nile?
Mr Banks : I've been to the Pyramids, but I haven't sailed on the Nile.
Mr Sabri : Have you done a lot of other exciting things in other countries ?
Mr Banks : Yes, I've eaten some very unusual food, and I've met some interesting people.
Mr Sabri : Tell me about some of the things you've done.
Mr Banks : Well, I've ridden an elephant in India.
Mr Sabri : Have you studied any languages ?
Mr Banks : Yes, I have. I've studied Japanese.
Mr Sabri : Well, have a good time in Egypt, Mr Banks. It was nice to meet you!
Mr Banks : It was nice to meet you, too, Mr Sabri. Goodbye!
Mr Ibrahim : See you later, Mr Sabri!

My grandfather

My grandfather is my hero. He was born in a village to a poor family in January 1952. But he worked hard at school and he went to university. He was always interested in helping people and he became a doctor. I admire him because he has stopped working as a doctor, but he hasn't stopped helping people. He teaches science in the village school. He has taught science children who are now at university.

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Choose the correct answer :

1- Have you…… on the Nile ?
a] sail **b] sailing** **c] sailed** **d] to sail**

2- The…… who I admire most is Salah El-din AI-Ayoubi.
a] hero **b] teacher** **c] photographer** **d] scientist**

3- It's easy for old sick people to live on the ……
a] last floor **b] upstairs** **c] underground** **d] ground floor**

4- When did you start…… that story?
a] write **b] writing** **c] wrote** **d] written**

5- Salma got married …… the age of twenty.
a] at **b] length** **c] age** **d] time**

6- The Egyptian swimmer Abu Haif is…… all over the world.
a] famous **b] bright** **c] unknown** **d] strange**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Children go to school at the **ago** of six. (……)
2- Mr.Eslam is a **teacher** at the university. (……)
3- My son works **hardly** at school. (……)
4- Rahma was **borne** in Assiut. (……)

Situations

Language Functions

introducing someone
تعريم شخصا لشخص آخر

- **Have you met (my friend)?** هل قابلت ....
- **This is (my neighbour, Mr. Sabri)..** اعرفك على ....
- **This is Omar and Hany..** اعرفك على ....

Greeting people for the first time
تحية الناس عند مقابلتهم لاول مرة

- **How do you do?** اهلا وسهلا
- **Pleased to meet you.** سعيد لمقابلتك
- **It's nice to meet you** جميل ان اقابلك.

Replying
الرد على التحية

- **How do you do?**
- **Pleased to meet you.**
- **It's nice to meet you.**

Exercises For Now

**** Supply The missing parts in the following mini – dialogues.**

Maged : It's nice to meet you. Welcome to Egypt.
Tourist : ..... .
Maged: I hope you enjoy your stay.

2-Fatma : ..... ?
Amira : Fine thank you. How do you do ?
Fatma: How do you do ?

3-Wael : Have you met my friend, Khaled ?
Tasneem : .....
Khaled: Pleased to meet you, too.

4-Sayed : .....?
Kareem : I started playing football at the age of ten.

****

B- Finish the following dialogue:

Arwa introduces her cousin to Maryam

Arwa: Hi, Maryam. This is my cousin, Sara.
Maryam: It's nice to ..... you, Sara.
Sara: Pleased to meet ..... .
Maryam : Have you visited Cairo before?
Sara: No, I ...., but I've been to Siwa.
Arwa: Do you mean you've been to Siwa but not to Cairo?
Sara: That's right! I ....there with my university

Paragraph and E-mail

A-Write a paragraph of 6 sentences about " A person you admire "

Ramy Ashour is an Egyptian player. He loves squash a lot. He is sorry that it is not an Olympic sport. Ibrahim Hamato is an amazing man who plays table tennis for Egypt. When he was ten, he had an accident that changed his life. Now, he has no arms but he plays table tennis very

Test 5 on Unit 5

1-Listen and choose the correct answer

استمع واجب

1- When ar pupils going to visit an ancient site ? - On……..

a) Sunday **b) Monday** **c) Friday** **d) Monday**

2- Which site are the pupils going to visit ?- The Great ……..

a) Pyramids **b) Temple** **c) Museum** **d) Castle**

3- What are pupils doing on the ancient site ?

a) A plan **b) A project** **c) A lesson** **d) A look**

2- Listen and answer the following questions

استمع واجب

1- What does Nada admire ?

2- What was Nada's job ?

3- Who does Nada help ?

3- Finish The following dialogue

Ehab is talking to a tourist

Ehab: How do you ……., John?

John : How do you do, Ehab?

Ehab: Is this your …… .visit to Egypt?

John : No, it is the second visit.

Ehab: …… you seen the Temple of Luxor?

John No, I haven't, but I have seen the ……

4- Supply the missing parts in the following two mini dialogues:

1- Dina: Hello, Riham. ……

Riham: Nice to meet you, Nadia.

Nadia: How do you do?

2- Ashraf: Have you my friend Tamer?

Kamal: ……?

Tamer: How do you do?

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5- Read the following, then answer the questions: (WB)

Bill Gates is one of the most famous people in the world. He went to Harvard University to study law, but he did not finish his degree and soon left to start a computer business. It was very successful and soon it had offices all over the world. After he got married. Bill Gates decided that he wanted to help poor people and he now spends most of his time helping charities. He has won many prizes for his work in computers and for charities.

A-Answer the following questions:

1-Why did Gates join to Harvard University ?

2-Was Gates successful in computer business?

3-What did Bill Gates decide to do ?

B-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

4- He has won many .....for his work in computers.

a) prizes b) presents c) medals d) pots

5- Bill Gates is one of the most famous people in the

a) town b) village c) world d) city

6- The Reader (Robinson Crusoe) :-

A- Put The events into the correct order

I.	He saw a man's footprint on the beach.	
J.	Crusoe made clothes from animal skins.	
K.	He collected food, tools, guns, knives and rope.	
L.	He decided to write a diary every day.	

B-Answer the following questions

1- What did Crusoe find on the ship?

2- How long did it take to build a fort?

3- Why do you think Crusoe built a small boat to sail around the island?

4- Crusoe had a telescope , a compass and some tools. Which of these things do you think was the most useful? Why?

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7- Choose the correct answer :

1- Ali has not ..... to this city before.

a] was **b] been** **c-be** **d] being**

2- After completing university, a student gets a .....

a] prize **b] degree** **c] competition** **d] medal**

3- That woman is ..... ! Her photo is in all the newspapers.

a] hero **b] graduate** **c] famous** **d] good**

4- Have you been..... Luxor ?

a] to **b]in** **c]on** **d]for**

5- Did you win a..... when you won the competition?

a] tribe **b] prize** **c] degree** **d] picnic**

6- My cousin has..... a successful football player.

a] becoming **b] became** **c] to become** **d] become**

7- What's your..... ?- B: 15th March.

a] birth **b] date of birth** **c] place of birth** **d] birth place**

8- My uncle..... to France. He'll stay there till next year.

a] has gone **b] has been** **c] is going** **d] was going**

8- Read and correct the underlined word:

1- Bill Gates has worked **by** computers. (.....)

2- Nada has **been** to the shops. She will be back soon. (.....)

3- Have you **go** to the desert? (.....)

4- What is his date of **berth**? (.....)

9- A-Write a paragraph of 6

" My Hero "

Unit 6 Important Places أماكن هامة

Lesson 1,2

كلمات الحصة الأولى

١	Antarctica	انتركتكا	٢	people	الناس
٣	rainforest	غابة مطيرة	٤	first time	المرة الأولى
٥	tribe	قبيلة	٦	ice	ثلج
٧	sculpture	نحت	٨	snow	جليد
٩	mine	ملكي	١٠	world	العالم
١١	experience	خبرة	١٢	bottom	قاع
١٣	Desert	صحراء	١٤	The Amazon	الأمازون
١٥	weather	طقس	١٦	area	منطقة
١٧	desert	صحراء	١٨	warm	دافئ
١٩	driest places	اجف الاماكن	٢٠	sky	السماء
21	tourist	سائح	22	earth	الأرض
٢٣	outside	خارج	٢٤	forest	غابة
٢٥	stars	نجوم	٢٦	beach	شاطئ

الكلمات تسميع الحصة الجاية

Important Places	
Antarctica	القارة القطبية الجنوبية
Atacama Desert	صحراء أتاكاما
Chili	دولة تشيلي
The Amazon Rainforests	غابات الأمازون الأستوائية
San Pedro de Atacama	مدينة سان بيدرو (ألأتاكاما)

A -Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
rain	تمطر	rained	rained
melt	يذوب / ينصهر	melted	melted
snow	تمطر جليد	snowed	snowed

B- Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
see	يرى	saw	seen
leave	يغادر	left	left
say	يقول	said	said
freeze	يتجمد	froze	frozen

Confusing Words

tribe	قبيلة	⟷	trip	رحلة
ice	ثلج	⟷	snow	جليد
desert	صحراء	⟷	dessert	حلويات
dry	جاف	⟷	wet	رطب
warm	دافئ	⟷	cool	بارد (مسقع)
hot	ساخن	⟷	cold	شديد البرودة

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

a 95-year- old man	رجل ذو ٩٥ عام	by the sea	بجوار البحر
far from	بعيد عن	in the far south	في أقصى الجنوب
on earth	على سطح الأرض	parts of	أجزاء من
for the first time	للمرة الأولى	more than 4,500 metres of	أكثر من ٤,٥٠٠متر من

Reading (Our Amazing World)

❖ **What are some of the driest places in the world ?**

○ The Atacama Desert in Chili is one of the driest places in the world. In some parts of the desert, it has never rained.

❖ **Have people ever lived there ?**

○ Yes, they have. More than a million people still live there. Many tourists also visit the town of San Pedro de Atacama. They say that they've never seen more stars in the sky in any place on earth.

❖ **Do people live in the Amazon rainforest ?**

○ Yes, they do. Some tribes live far from any city and have never left the rainforest. Some of these tribes have never met people from outside the forest.

****

❖ **Has it snowed in Cairo ?**

○ Yes, it has! In 2014 for the first time in many years, it snowed in Cairo. One **95-year-old** man said, "I've never seen snow in my life before! "

****

❖ **Is there always ice in Antarctica ?**

○ Yes, there is. In Antarctica, some of the ice has never melted. There is more than 4,500 metres of ice in some places. The bottom of this ice is more than 100,000years old.

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

حل كتير تفهم اكتر

1- Choose the correct Answer

1- What is the driest ..... In the world ?
a) room b) class c) place d) school

2- ..... is the forest with tall trees which grow in rainy area
a) rainforest b) rainstorm c) rainwater d) raincoat

3- Ice ..... in the sun.
a) freezes b) melts c) grows d) stretches

4- A group of people with the same language and live in the same place are called.....
a) Eskimos b) nomads c) tribes d) villagers

5- The place has no water, it's ..... .
a) wet b) cold c) dry d) damp

6- ..... is a very cold places in the far south of the world.
a) Antarctica b) Europe c) Asia d) Chilli

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Do you like some **snow** in your drink. (.....)
2- The desert is always **wet**. (.....)
3- At night you can see **moons** in the sky. (.....)
4- There is **never** ice in Antarctica. (.....)

Grammar Study



The Present Perfect



من كلمات المضارع التام

ever ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ never ☐

****

Ever

من قبل

❑ تستخدم في السؤال

Have + you – we -they

Has + he – she- it – الاسم المفرد

ever pp?

✶ **Have** you **ever seen** a lion?



▶ **Yes**, I **have** (once - twice - many times)

▶ **No**, I **haven't seen** a lion.

****

Never

أبد – مطلقًا

❑ تستخدم في النفى

فاعل + have / has + never + pp.



✶ I **have never been** to London.

✶ He **has never driven** a car before.

❑ و نستخدم **never** للاجابة على السؤال الذى به **ever**

✶ **Have** you **ever seen** a lion?

No, I **have never seen** a lion before.

No, never.

****

❑ **ملحوظة**

نستخدم never مع زمن الضارع البسيط ونستخدم بعها مصدراو مصدر +s

✶ It **never snows** in Cairo.

✶ There is always ice in Antarctica. It **never melts**.

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Exercises For Now

1- Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues

1- **Taher**: Have you ever met a famous person?
Omar : .....
Taher: That's wonderful!
2- **Ramy**: .....?
Taha : No, he has never played football before today.
Ramy: What a bitty.

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Have you **never** swum in the sea? (.....)
2- **Has** you ever watched a comic film? (.....)
3- I have **ever** written a story. (.....)
4- It never **snow** in Cairo. (.....)

Homework

1- Finish the following dialogue:

Mona and Magdi are talking about life in the desert.

Mona: Have you ever been to the desert ?
Magdi: No, I ..... been to the desert.
Mona: The ..... is always dry.
Magdi:..... is it dry ?
Mona: Because it has no ..... there.
Magdi: I think life isn't easy at all there.

حل يا باشا

2-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1- Some people have..... seen snow.
a -ever b- can't c- no d- never
2- In some parts of the desert, it has ..... rained.
a-never b- ever c- always d- usually
3- Some tribes have..... left the rainforest
a- always b- usually c- never d- ever
4- It has never ..... in Cairo.
a- snow b- snowed c- snows d- snowing
5- I've .....seen snow in my life before!
a-never b- ever c- always d- usually
6- In Antarctica, the ice ..... never melted.
a-have b- is c- can d- has
7-Has Mona ..... written an email to someone in England?
a-never b- ever c- yesterday d- soon
8-The children ..... been to a museum before.
a-have b- is c- can d- has

9- Have you ..... been fishing?
a-never **b- ever** **c- always** **d- usually**

10- Have you ever ..... in the sea?
a-dive **b- dived** **c- dives** **d- diving**

11- ..... you ever been camping?
a-have **b- is** **c- can** **d- has**

12- Have you ever ..... a famous building?
a-see **b- saw** **c- seen** **d- sees**

3- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- I've **ever** met a famous singer before. (.....)

2- Have you ever **be** to the jungle أدغال ? (.....)

3- Some of the tribes who lives in the **dry forest** never leave it. (.....)

4- Ahmed **have** never been to the desert. (.....)

4- A-Write a paragraph of 6

" The driest place in the worls "

The driest place in the world is the Atacama Desert in Chilli. More than a million people still live there. It has never rained there. Many tourists also visit the town of San Pedro du Atacama. It's full of stars in the sky. These stars are not found in any other place on earth

Lesson 3,4

Important Places	أماكن هامة + شخصية
Temple of Karnak	معبد الكرنك
Elephantine Island	جزيرة فيلة
White Desert (Farafra)	الصحراء البيضاء (بها واحة الفرافرة
The Egyptian Museum	المتحف االمصري
Western Desert	الصحراء الغربية
Kharga Museum	متحف الخارجة
Nubia Museum	متحف النوبة
Aswan Dam	سد أسوان
Tutankhamun	توت عنخ آمون

كلمات الحصة الثانية

١	famous	مشهور	٢	coin	عملة معدنية
٣	temple	معبد	٤	notebook	مذكرة / كراسة
٥	beautiful	جميل	٦	clarification	توضيح
٧	camping	الإقامة في معسكر	٨	history	تاريخ
٩	Pyramids	الأهرامات	١٠	garden	حديقة
١١	museum	متحف	١٢	Nubian people	شعب النوبة
١٣	objects	أشياء	١٤	metal	معدن
١٥	historical	تاريخي	١٦	That's right	ذلك صحيح
١٧	jewellery	مجوهرات	١٨	popular	مشهور / شعبي
١٩	antiquities	آثار قديمة	٢٠	outdoor	بالخارج
٢١	statue	تمثال	٢٢	sightseeing	زيارة الاماكن الشهيرة
23	expensive	غالي	24	town centre	وسط المدينة
٢٥	machine	ماكينة	26	felucca	فلوكة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	التصريف الثالث
sail	يبحر	sailed	sailed
repeat	يكرر الكلام	repeated	repeated
stay	يبقى	stayed	stayed
camp	يعسكر	camped	camped
join	ينضم	joined	joined
contain	يحتوي	contained	contained

B -Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
mean	يعني	meant	meant
go	يذهب	went	gone
sightsee	يري الأماكن الشهيرة	sightsaw	sightseen
think	يفكر	thought	thought
teach	يعلم	taught	taught

Confusing Words

dive	يغطس	⟷	drive	يقود
camp	يعسكر	⟷	comp	مشط
piece	قطعة	⟷	peace	السلام
metal	معدن	⟷	medal	ميدالية

Language notes

go + (v.ing)

إذا أردنا أن نتحدث عن الفعل لغرضه (نضع قبل أي فعل الفعل **go** ثم الفعل مضاف له **ing**

go fishing	يذهب للصيد
go camping	يذهب للتعسكر
history	تاريخ (مقصود به دراسة التاريخ) **We are proud of our history of Egypt.**
historical	تاريخي (متعلق بدراسة التاريخ) **There are historical objects in the Museums**

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

sail around	يبحر حول	think about	يفكر في
CE – common Era	العصر المسيحي	ask for	يطلب
move to	يعزل (ينقل إلى)	made of	مصنوع من
write …… down	يدون ..... في	keep safe	يبقي آمنا

listening

Egypt has somevery interesting museums

❖ Many people have visited the famous Egyptian Museum in Cairo. It's Egypt's biggest museum and it contains some very famous objects. There are about 136,000 historical objects in the museum. Most people want to see Tutankhamun and his jewellery.

❖ **In Kharga Museum of Antiquities, you can learn about life in the Western Desert long ago. You can see alots of statues, coins and other objects that people have found there. The museum contains some famous 'notebooks' made of wood. These are some of the first books ever written from 360 CE.(Christian Era)** من العصر المسيحي

❖ When engineers started building the first Aswan Dam in 1902, many important objects from very old Nubian buildings were moved to keep them safe. The Nubia Museum in Aswan opened in 1998. It contains more than 5,000 of these objects which can teach us a lot about the history and life of the Nubian people. There is an outdoor museum too, where you can look at statues in beautiful gardens.

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Choose the correct answer :

(**WB**)1- Along time ago, people used gold …… for money.
a) walls **b) rivers** **c) museums** **d) coins**

(**WB**)2- There are some beautiful…… in the museum's gardens.
a) statues **b) clothes** **c) tourist** **d) fish**

(**WB**)3- The boys really enjoyed…… in the desert. They spent whole night in tents. الخيمات .
a) sightseeing **b) diving** **c) camping** **d) swimming**

(**SB**)4- Nubia Museum can teach us a lot about the ……. and life of the Nubian people.
a) geography **b) history** **c) maths** **d) English**

(**WB**)5- Most tourists want to see Tutankhamun's……
a) dams **b) jewellery** **c) coins** **d) history**

(**SB**)6- "……" means things made of expensive stones, gold, **etc** that people wear.
a) Museums **b) Temple** **c) Jewellery** **d) Money**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

(**SB**) 1- There are about 136,000 **history** objects in the museum. (……)

2- In the past, gold **camps** were used for money.(……)

3- **Engines** started building the first Aswan Dam in 1902.(……)

4- Cars are made of **medal** . (……)

5- There is an **indoor** museum in Nubia. (……)

6- Read this story for **funny**. (……)

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Situations

Language Functions

Asking for clarification
عندما يتكلم شخصا و نريده ان يوضح كلامه نقول
(طلب توضيح أمر)

- ❑ Sorry, could you say that again, please? ممكن تكرر كلامك؟
- ❑ Sorry, can you repeat that, please? ممكن تكرر كلامك؟
- ❑ What do you mean? ماذا تقصد؟
- ❑ Do you mean (you want to ...)? هل تقصد؟
- ❑ Is that what you mean? هل هذا ما تقصد؟

Expressing clarification and understanding
توضيح أمر واظهار الفهم

- ❑ That's right هذا صحيح
- ❑ I see! افهم ذلك

امثلة توضيحية

A: Why don't you sail on the Nile on a felucca?
B: Sorry, can you repeat that, please?

****

More than ome adjective in one sentence
ترتيب الصفات فى الجملة

عندما نصف شخصا او شيئا بأكثر من صفة نتبع الترتيب التالى فى الجملة:

opinion الرأي	size الحجم	age العمر	colour اللون	Nationality الجنسية	material الخامة	object الاسم
beautiful				Egyptian	cotton	shirt
expensive		new		German		car
	big		black		rubber	tyres

لاحظ الصفات الآتية و حاول ات تكتب جمل مماثلة للجمل الموجودة بالجدول السا

الصفة	معناها	الصفة	معناها	الصفة	معناها
amazing	مدهش	famous	مشهور	young	صغير
Egyptian	مصرى	metal	معدن	plastic	بلاستيك
English	انجليزى	modern	حديث	small	صغير
exciting	مثير	tall	طويل	old	قديم
historical	تاريخى	pink	وردي	low	منخفض
leather	جلد	long	طويل	new	جديد
medium	متوسط	white	ابيض	useful	نافع

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Test 6 on Unit 6

1-Listen and choose the correct answer

أستمع وأجب

1- When did you visit the Egyptian Museum ?.....
a) Last month **b) Last week** **c) today** **d) yesterday**

2- What statue did you love ?
a) Akhnatoun **b) Ramses** **c) Khofu** **d) Tutankhamun**

3- What was your favourite object?
a) Gold jewellery **b) Silver medals** **c) Rings** **d) Coins**

2- Finish The following dialogue

A teacher tells a student about museums.

Teacher: Do you know the importance أهمية of museums ?
Student : Yes, I ..... .
Teacher: ..... are they important ?
Student: Because they tell us about the ..... of ancient people.
Teacher: What do they contain ?
Student: Things which are made of .....

3- Supply the missing parts in the following two mini dialogues:

1-Ganna : Have you ever been to El- Minia Park?
Aml : .....
2-Manal : I'd like to sail on the Nile.
Nagwa: ..... ?
Rowan: I want to sail on the Nile on a felucca.

6- The Reader (Robinson Crusoe) :-

A- Put The events into the correct order

M.	Crusoe caught a parrot and taught it some words.	
N.	Crusoe became a farmer in Brazil.	
O.	Crusoe built a strong fort on the beach .	
P.	Crusoe escaped from Morroco.	

B-Answer the following questions

1- What did Crusoe take from the ship before it sank ?

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2- Why did Crusoe go back to the ship many times?

3-How did Crusoe get meat on the island ?

4- Who wrote " Robinson Crusoe?

7- Choose the correct answer :

(WB)1- Hamid has ..... to England. He'll be home الوطن next week.
a) gone b) been c) go d) went

(WB)2-You should be ..... when you visit the library.
a) fun b) wonderful c) quick d) quiet

(WB)3- Some people have ..... seen snow.
a) ever b) can't c) no d) never

(WB) 4- This key is one of many historical ..... in the museum.
a) objects b) ovens c) pavement d) site

(WB)5- I've been to Cairo but I ..... been to Luxor.
a) not b) haven't c) never d) have

(WB) 6- ..... You finished your homework, Warda ?
a) Has b) Have c) Did d) Had

(SB)7- A..... is usually historical and quiet.
a) bus b) tourist c) museum d) rainforest

(WB)8- You need ..... to buy a drink from that machine.
a) coins b) jars c) cans d) bottles

8- Read and correct the underlined word:

1- I have **ever** read a comic book. (.....)
2- **Has** You ever met a football player. (.....)
3- **A trip** is a group of people who live in a place. (.....)
4- I have seen more **planets** in the sky. (.....)

9- A-Write a paragraph of 6

" Egyptian Museum "

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Unit 7 What's on TV ? ماذا في التليفزيون ؟

Lesson 1,2

كلمات الحصة الأولى

١	documentary	فلم وثائقي	٢	professor	استاذ جامعي
٣	quiz show	برنامج مسابقات	٤	amazing	مدهش
٥	programme	برنامج	٦	baby	رضيع
٧	channel	قناة	٨	quarter to	ربع
٩	TV listings	قوائم التليفزيون	١٠	half past	ونصف
١١	nature	الطبيعة	١٢	field	حقل
١٣	competition	منافسة	١٤	tonight	الليلة
١٥	episode	حلقة مسلسل	١٦	look after	يعتني بـ
١٧	science	علوم	١٨	news	أخبار
١٩	university	جامعة	٢٠	type	نوع
21	World Animal	عالم الحيوان	22	student	طالب
٢٣	information	معلومات	٢٤	parents	الوالدين

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
recommend	يوصي	recommended	recommended
irrigate	يروي الزرع	irrigated	irrigated
die	يموت	died	died
call	يسمى	called	called
expect	يتوقع	expected	expected

B- Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
show	يعرض/ يوضح	showed	shown
win	يفوز	won	won
tell	يخبر	told	told
know	يعرف	knew	known

الكلمات تسميع الحصة الجاية

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Confusing Words

list	قائمة	⟷	menu	قائمة طعام
die	يموت	⟷	dye	يصبغ
news	أخبار	⟷	new	جديد

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

tell about	يخبر عن	on TV	في التليفزيون
others+ اسم جمع	آخرون	at the moment	في هذه اللحظة
another+ اسم مفرد	آخر	(be)able to	يكون قادر على

Reading (TV Listings)

- Tonight's Who knows more ? is at Alexandria University, where the competition started last night. The competition is between students studying science and students studying history.
The science students are winning at the moment. They've got20 right answers already. The competition isn't finished yet. Watch tonight's programme to see who wins.
- Have you started watching school around the world yet ? Every week, it's about a school in a different country. We've seen schools in Brazil and China already, but we haven't seen one in Egypt yet. They've just shown a school in Dubai. This was very interesting

****

- At nine o'clock there is a programme called Animal world عالم الحيوان.
A university professor from Kenya will tell us why it is important to look after animals. The programme is about a baby elephant. Its parents have just died. It's amazing to see how it is looked after by the other elephants.

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Choose the correct Answer

1- A..... show asks people what they know.
a) quiz b) theatre c) cinema d) radio
2- " Animal World " is my favourite TV..... .
a) match b) programme c) subject d) colour
3- Who looks..... the baby after his parents have died ?
a) for b) with c) after d) before

حل كتاب المعلم أكثر

4- It's ..... to see how animal look after each other.
a) excited b) surprised c) amazed d) amazing
5- Brazil and China are .....
a) cities b) countries c) towns d) areas
6- This documentary is about how farmers..... their field today.
a) destroy b) carry c) irrigate d) eat

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- What is **amazed** about animals ? (.....)
2- What's the latest **new** ?. (.....)
3- I like **document** programmes on TV. (.....)
4- " Animal World " is a name of a **university**. (.....)



The Present Perfect

من كلمات المضارع التام



just □□ □ already yet□

****

Just — توا - فى الحال

- ❑ تدل على أن الحدث انتهي منذ فترة قصيرة
- ❑ تستخدم just مع الجملة المثبتة

فاعل + have / has + just + pp.

✶ We had a great holiday. We've **just arrived** home

****

Already — بالفعل

- ❑ تستخدم already مع الجملة المثبتة لتدل أن الحدث تم قبل لحظة الحدث وأسرع مما هو متوقع وتأتى بعد have / has وقبل التصريف الثالث

فاعل + have / has + already + pp.

* I **have already had** lunch.
* Leila **has finished** her homework **already**.

Have / Has + فاعل + (already) + pp. ... (already)?

* **Have** you **done** your homework **already**?

You are clever - You are fast - You are wonderful.

* Ali : I **have made** the dress mum.
* Mum : **Have** you **made** the dress **already**? You are **clever**.

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مستر اسلام أحمد

yet ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ حتى الآن - بعد

❑ تستخدم yet في نهاية الجملة المنفية وفي نهاية السؤال .

فاعل + have / has + not + pp **yet.**

✶ I **haven't had** breakfast **yet**.

Have / Has + فاعل + (already) + pp **yet?**

* **Have** you **done** your homework **yet**?

Exercises For Now

1-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1- Which programme has she not watched ..... ?
a) already **b) just** **c) yet** **d) never**

2- They've got 20 right answers.....
a) yet **b) ever** **c) never** **d) already**

3- Hatem has..... been to Alexandria.
a) always **b) yet** **c) already** **d) now**

4- A programme has just ..... on TV channel.
a) started **b) starts** **c) starting** **d) start**

5- We..... the Egyptian team yet.
a) saw **b) has seen** **c) haven't seen** **d) have seen**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- The bus has **never** left! I can see it over there. (.....)
2- Hady hasn't painted his flat **just**. (.....)
3- Her parents have **yet** arrived. (.....)
4- Liela has finished her homework **yet**. (.....)

Homework

1- Finish the following dialogue:

Omar and Nehal are talking about TV programmes.

Omar: What's your favourite TV programme ?
Nehal: My favourite TV programme is ..... programme.
Omar: What is it ..... ?
Nehal: It is called Animal World.
Omar: Do you like ..... ?
Nehal: No, I ..... Like documentaries.

حل يا باشا

3-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1- Let's ..... the film on channel two.
a) watching **b) watch** **c) watches** **d) watched**

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مستر اسلام أحمد

2- Who…… the competition ?
a) earned **b) gained** **c) won** **d) beat**

3- In this comedy, you will…… at funny stories.
a) laugh **b) make** **c) take** **d) love**

4- Is dinner ready …… ?
a) already **b) just** **c) never** **d) yet**

5- Science is my favourite …… .
a) film **b) programme** **c) subject** **d) hobby**

6- I'm not going to watch that programme. I've……. seen it
a) just **b) yet** **c) ever** **d) never**

7- Manal has …… done her homework.
a) yet **b) just** **c) already** **d) never**

8- We must look …… our children.
a) for **b) of** **c) out** **d) after**

9- There are many TV …… in the coming Ramadan.
a) news **b) kinds** **c) listings** **d) types**

10- What's …… TV tonight ?
a) on **b) in** **c) at** **d) for**

11- Good mothers …… after their children.
a) took **b) like** **c) book** **d) look**

12- What ……is the news on, is it 1 or 2 ?
a) television **b) team** **c) channel** **d) subject**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- A nature programme tells us about **plants**. (……)

2- Switch into **canal** two. (……)

(**WB**)3- I haven't done my homework **then**, so I can't go out now.
(……)

(**WB**) 4- They've just showed an amazing animal programme on TV.
(……)

5- A-Write a paragraph of 6

" Your favourite TV programme "

" Animal World " is my favourite TV programme. The programme starts at 2. p.m. every Friday. It gives me much information about different animals. I can also see some animals from different countries. I can see the programme another time on Thursday. These programmes are very useful.

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر إسلام أحمد

Lesson 3,4

كلمات الحصة الثانية

١	episode	حلقة	٢	evening news	أخبار المساء
٣	comedy	كوميدي	٤	interested in	مهتم بـ
٥	funny	مضحك / مسلي	٦	Anyway	على أي حال
٧	opinion	رأي	٨	tribe	قبيلة
٩	almost	تقريبا	١٠	rainforest	غابة مطيرة
١١	situation	موقف	١٢	different	مختلف
١٣	together	معا	١٤	boring	ممل (للأشياء)
١٥	team	فريق	١٦	show	عرض / برنامج
١٧	family	عائلة	١٨	exciting	مثير
١٩	lost in forest	مفقود غي الغابة	٢٠	children	أطفال

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	التصريف الثالث
laugh	يضحك	laughed	laughed
decide	يقرر	decided	decided
recommend	يوصي	recommended	recommended
sound	يبدو	sounded	sounded
change	يغير	changed	changed
accept	يقبل	accepted	accepted
end	ينهي	ended	ended

B -Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
make	يصنع / يجعل	made	made
lose	يفقد	lost	lost
think	يفكر	thought	thought
choose	يختار	chose	chosen
see	يرى	saw	seen
show	يعرض	showed	shown

دراما - أكشن - مغامرات - كوميدي - رومانسي - مأساوي

(TRAGEDY- ROMANCE - COMEDY - ADVENTURE -ACTION- DRAMA)

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر إسلام أحمد

Confusing Words

half	نصف	⟷		have	يملك
laugh	يضحك	⟷		love	يحب
accept	يقبل	⟷		except	ما عدا
end	ينهي	⟷		and	و
boring	ممل (للأشياء	⟷		bored	شاعر بالممل

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

take turns	يتبدل الأدوار	I'd rather + مصدر	أفضل أن
on = shown	معروض	on + وسائل إعلام	
decide to	يقرر أن	on TV on channel	
in an hour	في خلال ساعة	on the computer / on the internet	

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Choose the correct answer :

1- Which programme do they decide to ..... ?

a) look **b) see** **c) watch** **d) notice**

2- ..... of an hour is 15 minutes.

a) quantity **b) quiz** **c) quality** **d) quarter**

3-Which show makes you laugh ? **The**..... .

a) comedy **b) documentary** **c) quiz** **d) news**

4- What ..... will the programme start ?

a) kind **b) time** **c) price** **d) height**

5- Why didn't you ..... your friends present ?

a) expect **b) accept** **c) expect** **d) respect**

6- Can you ..... this channel for me please ?

a) recharge **b) chat** **c) chant** **d) change**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Funny stories make people **cry**. (.....)

2- Ahmed Helmy's films **do** me laugh a lot. (.....)

3-In families, people have the same opinions. (.....)

Grammar

للسؤال عن الوقت

➔ **What is the time , please ?**

➔ **What time is it , please ?**

➔ **Can / Could you tell me the time , please ?**

- It's .....

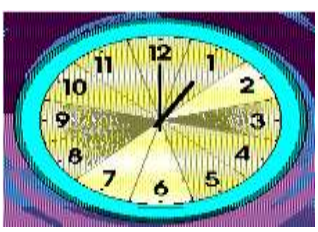


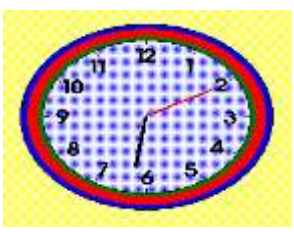
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أولا: طريقة الساعة الرقمية:

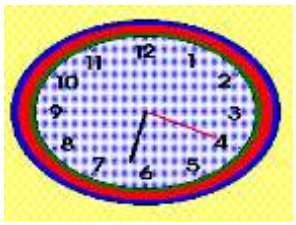
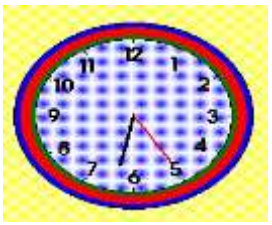
8:00	**8:05**	**8:10**
It's eight o'clock		
8:15	**8:20**	**8:25**
	It's twenty past eight	
8:30	**8:35**	**8:40**
8:45	**8:50**	**8:55**

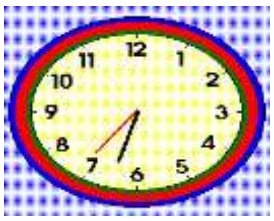
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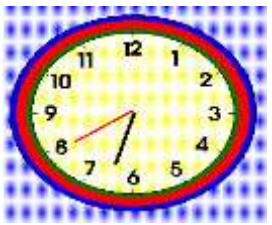


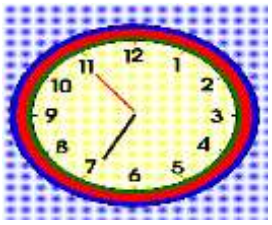



Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Three thirty






Three forty - five

Situations

Giving and asking for recommendation
أعطاء وطلب توصية

❑ Let's +مصدر	هيا بنا .....
❑ Shall we + مصدر	هل سوف .....
❑ Would you recommend ?	هل توصي بـ .....
❑ I recommend that we	أوصي بـ .....

Responding to recommendation
الرد على لتوصية

❑ I'd rather +مصدر	أنا أفضل ....
❑ I would / wouldn't recommend it..	أوصي بذلك...
❑ I don't like the sound of that..	لا ارغب بذلك....
❑ It sounds interesting/ great/ boring.	هذا يبدو....

احفظ المحادثات الاتية

A: **What time is it now? = What's the time?**
B: It's quarter past nine.
A: Can you tell me the time?
B: It's 3 o'clock
A: **What time will it be in 20 minutes?**
B: It is ten to twelve.
A: What time will it be in half an hour?
B: It is 7.10

Exercises For Now

1- Complete the dialogue

Hala : ..... we watch a film on TV? It's about a thief.
Noha : I don't like .....of that. I'd like to watch the comedy. Its starts at half past seven
Hala : Oh, is it Laugh with Leon. I've seen it already.
Noha : Would you ..... it?
Hala : Yes, I laughed a lot. It's about a very funny man.
Noha : OK, ...watch that then.

2- Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:

1 - Omar: Let's watch something on TV.

Nabil: OK.

.....

Omar: No, I wouldn't recommend the comedy. It's not funny.

2-**Hala**: .....?

Sara: It's two o'clock.

Hala: So, let's have our lunch.

2- Choose the correct answer from a , b , c , or d :

١- **What are you doing (** in – on – at – of **) the moment .**
2-**They have got 20 right answers (** yet – just – ago – already **)**
3- **Doctors and nurses look (** at – on – of – after **) patients in hospitals.**
4-**This (** baby – man – boy – girl **) elephant is very small.**
5- **Ahmed hasn't finished his study(** already – yet – just – ago **).**
6-**They have visited the citadel (** yet – just – still – already **).**
7-**I have (** has – had – have – having **) two English lessons already ?**
8- **What (** canal – canals – channel – river **) are the programmes on?**
9- **Which show will make you (** laughing – to laugh – laugh – laughed **)?**
10- **Funny cartoons make me (** cry – sad – unhappy – laugh **)**
11-**I'd rather (** watching – watches – to watch – watch **) a film .**
12- **I like this comedy .It sounds (** boring – not nice – interesting – interested **).**
13-**What time will it be in half (** an – a – the – one **) hour ?**
14- **You are watching your favourite film (** in – on – at – to **) TV.**
15- **Yes , I laughed a lot .It's about a very (** fun – funny – bad – sad **) man.**

Test 7 on Unit 7

1-Listen and choose the correct answer

استمع من المستر وأجب

1- What does Amal want to watch?.....

a)A film b)A nature programme c)A comedy d)A documentary

2- Why does Enji not recommend the programme Amal wants?

a) She has never seen it **b) It is not funny**

c) It has just finished **d) She's seen it before**

3 -What kind of programme do they agree to watch?

a) A nature programme **b) A quiz show**

c) A comedy **d) A documentary**

2- Listen and answer the following questions

استمع من المستر وأجب

1- When did you go on a picnic?

2- Who did you go with?

3- How long did the trip take?

3- Finish The following dialogue

Wael is going to the stadium to watch a match.

Nora : Did you see yesterday's ..... .

Hadeer: No , I didn't see it . Was it a .....film?

Nora : Yes , it was a comedy film .I ..... a lot.

Hadeer: When did it ..... ?

Nora : It ended after midnight .

Hadeer : Oh ! I missed it.

4- Supply the missing parts in the following two mini dialogues:

1- **Omar** : Let's watch something on TV.

Nabil: Ok ----------

Omar: No, I wouldn't recommend the comedy .It's not very funny.

2- Manar :----------?

Marwa: The film starts at ten o'clock.

5- Read the following, then answer the questions:

To: Sameer **From: Ali** **Subject: TV programme**

Hi Sameer,

I am watching an interesting documentary on TV about toys. In the past, children only used to play with simple toys. Now, toy makers have invented some exciting new toys. The programme has just shown the newest toys that you can buy in Japan. The girl on TV now is very excited, she has just bought an amazing doll with a computer inside, it can run, walk, carry things and dance. There's another toy that can fly, but they haven't shown this one yet. What are you doing now?

Ali

A: Answer the following questions

1- What kind of TV programme is Ali watching?

2- What was different in the past?

3- Why is the girl on TV excited?

B- Choose the correct answer

4- What does the underlined it refer to?

a) a TV **b) a computer** **c) a doll** **d) Japan**

5- The programme.....the toy that can fly.

a) won't show **b) has not yet shown**

c) has already shown **d) doesn't have**

6- The Reader (Robinson Crusoe) :-

A- Put The events into the correct order

Q.	Crusoe heard guns while walking on the hill.	
R.	After 22 years, the dangerous men return to the island.	
S.	Crusoe rescued the first prisoner and called him Friday	
T.	Crusoe and the three prisoners came back to the fort, ate and rested.	

B-Answer the following questions

1- Why didn't Crusoe want Friday to be his slave?

2- What did Crusoe call the first prisoner " Friday "?

3-What did Crusoe hear while walking on a hill ?

4- What did Crusoe find on the Spanish ship?

7- Choose the correct answer :

1- The cup is clean .I have ..... washed it.
a) just **b) yet** **c) ever** **d) never**

2- What ..... is the news on , is it 1 or 2 ?
a) channel **b) TV** **c) team** **d) clock**

3-Have you ..... done your homework?
a) ready **b) already** **c) never** **d) yet**

4- I'd rather ..... football after school.
a) play **b) playing** **c) played** **d) to playing**

5- I recommend that we can watch the film ..... TV.
a) in **b) on** **c) at** **d) of**

6- My father hasn't bought a new car .....
a) ever **b) already** **c) never** **d) yet**

7- Let's watch ..... 12 on channel 31.
a) film **b) match** **c) play** **d) episode**

8- Who knows more ? is a ..... show.
a) quiz **b) quarter** **c) play** **d) cinema**

8- Read and correct the underlined word:

1- Science is a very **interested** subject. (.....)

2- **Have** Ahmed met his new teacher yet? (.....)

3- I've **yet** seen that movie, so I don't want to see it again. (.....)

4- I'd like to watch a programme about **mature** . (.....)

9- A-Write a paragraph of 6

("Your favourite Programme ")

TV has a lot f interesting programmes.I like watching nature programmes as they are very interesting. I like watching the beauty of the nature. I like watching wild animals. I like watching the rainforests. I like watching the birds flying in the sky.

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Unit 2 In the News في الأخبار

Lesson 1,2

كلمات الحصة الأولى

١	fire	نار	٢	put out	يطفئ نيران
٣	neighbour	جار	٤	report	تقرير
٥	window	شباك	٦	village	قرية
٧	smoke	دخان	٨	by the sea	بجوار البحر
٩	empty	فارغ	١٠	building	مبنى
١١	firefighter	رجل المطافي	١٢	nobody	لا أحد
١٣	weather	الطقس	١٤	During	أثناء
١٥	windy	كثير الرياح (عاصف)	١٦	news	أخبار
١٧	brave	شجاع	١٨	suddenly	فجأة
١٩	storm	عاصفة	٢٠	turned grey	تتحول للرمادي

A -Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
start	يبدأ	started	started
phone	يتصل	phoned	phoned
help	يساعد	helped	helped
walk	يمشي	walked	walked
jump	يقفز	jumped	jumped
rescue (save)	ينقذ	rescued (saved)	rescued
change	يغير	changed	changed

B- Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
know	يعرف	knew	known
come from	يأتي من	came from	come from
see	يرى	saw	seen
put out	يطفئ النيران	put out	put out
fall	يسقط	fell	fallen

الكلمات تسميع الحصة الجاية

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Confusing Words

sea	بحر	⟷	see	يرى
brave	شجاع	⟷	coward	جبان
save	ينقذ	⟷	safe	آمن

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

(be) able to	قادر على	by the sea	بجوار البحر
come from	يأتي من	put out (stop fire)	يطفئ النار
fall into water	يسقط في الماء	save شخص from	ينقذ ..... من
on fire	مشتعل فيه النيران	wait for	ينتظر (شخص)

Reading (In the News)

There has been a fire at a house in this small village near Aswan. We don't know how the fire started. A neighbour saw smoke coming from a window, so لذلك **he phoned 180 for help. The good news is that the building has been empty since May, so nobody was in it. Firefighters have been at the buildingfor more than four hours, but they haven't been able to put out the fire yet.**

❖ Earlier today, two young men were fishing in a small boat the weather suddenly changed. The sky turned grey تحولت للرمادي and it became very windy. During this bad storm, the two men fell into the water.

☒ A man, Mr. Badrawi, was walking by the sea at the time He was very brave. He jumped into the sea and rescued the men. Mr. Badrawi has lived in the area for 30 years. He told me, " I haven't seen such مثل bad storm since I was a **little boy**.ولد صغير

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Choose the correct Answer

1- Mr. Hamid lives next door to me. He is my .....
a) companion b) neighbour c) enemy d) friend

2- The sky ..... grey and it became very windy.
a) collected b) read c) had d) changed

3- Cigarette ..... Is very harmful to health.

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد
حقوق الطبع محفوظة

a) smoke b) box c) wind d) packet

4- Smoke was ..... from the window.
a) coming b) going c) giving d) making

5- Mr. Badrawi ..... the two men from drowning.
a) rescued b) killed c) saw d) stole

6- The ..... managed to put out the fire.
a) doctors b) firefighters c) teachers d) soldiers



The Present Perfect

من كلمات المضارع التام



for □ □ □ since□

****

for ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ لمدة

❑ نستخدم (for) لفترة زمنية تمتد إلى الوقت الحاضر

فاعل + have / has + pp | for | + فترة زمنية

✶ I've lived here for 13 years.

****

since ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ منذ

❑ نستخدم (since) مع توقيت زمني منذ ذلك الوقت وحتى وقت الكلام

فاعل + have / has pp | since | + نقطه بداية الحدث

✶ He's worked there since 2008.

احفظ الاتى

since	➔	السنة 2014 - اسم اليوم Saturday - اسم الشهر April Yesterday - o'clock - last
for	➔	years - months - weeks - days - the last ages - a long time - over + مدة - more than+ مدة

****

لاحظ الاتى

مضارع تام + since + ماضي بسيط

✶ I've studied English since I was eight years old.
✶ She has been in bed since she arrived home.



Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Exercises For Now

1- Supply the missing parts in the following two minidialogues:

1- Yehya : How long have you lived in this house?
Khaled: …… .
Yehya : Thirteen years! That's a long time!

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Our teacher has been at this school **since** ten year.(……)
2- My uncle has lived in England **for** 2006. (……)
3- She **taught** at this school for three years. (……)
4- We moved to my new flat two years **for**. (……)

Homework

1- Finish the following dialogue:

Ali and Nagy are talking about fire broke out .

Ali : How …… have you lived here ?
Nagy: I have lived here …… ten years.
Ali : Have you heard about the …… here?
Nagy: Yes , my father …… me that it was a big fire.
Ali : Was anybody hurt ?
Nagy: No, nobody was there.

3-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1- Sara has waited for a bus …… 20 minutes, longer than yesterday.
a) ever **b) for** **c) since** **d) just**
2- The boy…… the tree to get his ball.
a) cut **b) climbed** **c) went** **d) played**
3- The teacher came into the room and …… all children were quiet.
a) carefully **b) properly** **c) suddenly** **d) rudely**
4- Ali has had his phone …… the beginning of this year.
a) already **b) just** **c) never** **d) since**
5- My uncle …… into England in 2006.
a) moves **b) has moved** **c) was moving** **d) moved**
6- A…… is a try to save someone.
a) request **b) research** **c) rescue** **d) report**
7- We've been in this lesson ……8 o'clock.
a) for **b) since** **c) ago** **d) just**
8- Don't use water to put…… an electric fire.
a) on **b) off** **c) out** **d) in**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Someone who stops fires is called a **farmer**. (……)
2- **"Nothing"** means no person. (……)
3- **"Restore"** is to save a person from something dangerous.(……)
4- A strong wind blew yesterday, so it was **sunny**. (……)

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
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Lesson 3,4

كلمات الحصة الثانية

١	money	فلوس	٢	upstairs	الدور العلوي
٣	street	شارع	٤	pleased	مسرور
٥	inside	داخل	٦	carefully	بحرص
٧	swimmer	سباح	٨	drowning	الغرق
٩	flood	فيضان	١٠	earthquake	زلزال
١١	sports club	نادي رياضي	١٢	swimming pool	حمام سباحة
١٣	the police	الشرطة	١٤	prize	جائزة
١٥	accident	حادثة	١٦	weekend	نهاية الأسبوع
١٧	dry	جاف	١٨	ladder	سلم خشبي
١٩	sport centre	مركز رياضي	٢٠	child	طفل
21	seat	مقعد	٢٢	medal	ميدالية

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	التصريف الثالث
happen	يحدث	happened	happened
belong to	تخص	belonged to	belonged to
invite	يدعو	invited	invited
drown	يغرق	drowned	drowned
climb	يتسلق	climbed	climbed
flood	يفيض	flooded	flooded
discuss	يناقش	discussed	discussed

B -Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
hear	يسمع	heard	heard
run	يجري	ran	run
find	يجد	found	found
tell	يخبر	told	told
give	يعطي	gave	given
hurt	يجرح	hurt	hurt
come	يأتي	came	come

Confusing Words

ladder	سلم خشبي متحرك	⟷	stairs	سلم مبني
invite	يدعو	⟷	invent	يخترع
sink	تغرق للأشياء	⟷	drown	يغرق للانسان
seat	مقعد ثابت	⟷	chair	كرسي يمكن نقله
please	من فضلك	⟷	pleased	مسرور
flood	فيضان	⟷	drought	جفاف

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

climb up the ladder		يتسلق سلم متنقل	
a brave 13- year-old boy		الولد الشجاع ذو الثلاثة عشر عاما	
try to find	يحاول أن يجد	fall over	يسقط على الأرض

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Choose the correct answer :

1- The boy…… the tree o get the ball.
a) went b) climbed c) rescued d) ate

2- The …… little girl didn't cry when she hurt her arm.
a) bored b) ancient c) brave d) dangerous

3- The house is tall, so you need a …… to clean the windows.
a) lift b) ladder c) river d) lake

4- The chair has only three legs. Don't sit on it or it will……
a) sit down b) stand up c) fall over d) go

5- A…… is a place for people to swim in.
a) museum b) tomb c) temple d) swimming pool

6- My friend …… me to his birthday party.
a) invited b) invented c) played d) made

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- A 13-**years**-old boy got a medal yesterday. (……)

2- It rained heavily, so there was **drought**. (……)

3-I used the **stairs** to climb the tree. (……)

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Situations

Talking about the news
التحدث عن الاخبار

- Have you heard what happened to ..? ؟ هل سمعت عما حدث لـ
- Did I tell you about (what happened last week)?
هل أخبرتك عن ماذا حدث (الأسبوع الماضي ؟)
- Is it true that (Omar won a prize)? هل فعلا عمر فاز بجائزة؟
- I believe (he gave prizes). اننى اعتقد انه فاز بجائزة؟
- They say (there's going to be a storm. يقولون ان هناك عاصفة

Responding to news
توضيح أمر واظهار الفهم

- I didn't know that. لم اسمع عن هذا
- I heard about that.. سمعت عن ذلك
- Tell me more اخبرنى المزيد

Exercises For Now

1- Complete the dialogue

Amira: Did I… ……you what happened in the desert last week?
Nevine: No, you didn't
Amira: Two tourists decided to go for a walk.
Nevine: Tell me……. ……
Amira: They didn't know where. They walked for eight hours!
Nevine: Yes, I remember now! I read about that on the news.
Amira: I …… that they walked into a farm. The farmer was very surprised to
Nevine: Is it …… that the farmer was on the television?
Amira: Yes. He was very kind. He gave them food and drink

2- Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:

1-**Noha**: Did I tell you about what happened to me yesterday?
Dina: ……
Noha: I found some jewellery in the street!

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Test 8 on Unit 8

1-Listen and choose the correct answer

استمع من المستر وأجب

1- How old is Karim ?.....

a) 13 b) 30 c) 31 d) 33

2- Whom did Karim rescue?.....

a) An adult b) A man c) A child d) A girl

3 -What prize has Karim got?.....

a) A necklace b) A cheque c)A cup d) A medal

2- Listen and answer the following questions

استمع من المستر وأجب

1- What happened to the tourist?

2- Who helped the tourist?

3- Where did the tourist's friend take him?

3- Finish The following dialogue

Osama is helping his uncle with his car.

Eslam : You're covered with oil. What have you been doing ?

Osama: I have been helping my uncle to ..... His old car.

Eslam : What's wrong with it ?

Osama: It has ..... making strange noise .

Eslam : Have you ..... repaired a car before ?

Osama: No, but it's easy..... do that.

4- Supply the missing parts in the following two mini dialogues:

1- **Yehya** : How long have you lived in this house?

Khaled: .....

Yehya : Thirteen years? That's a long time!

2- **Zeinab** : Is it true that Sara is in hospital:

Randa: Yes , ... She broke her leg.

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5- Read the following, then answer the questions:

A brave 13-year-old boy, Karim, has got a medal for rescuing a four-year-old child from a swimming pool. The child was playing next to the water when suddenly he fell in. He couldn't swim. The child was in the pool for about a minute when Karim saw him. Karim jumped into the water and rescued the child. The child was not hurt. His parents were very pleased to see him! They have invited Karim and his parents to visit them a t their home.

A: Answer the following questions

1-How old is Karim?.....

2- Why did he get a medal? .....

3- How long was the child in the pool?.....

B- Choose the correct answer

4- Karim ..... into the water and rescued the child.

a) climbed **b) rescued** **c) jumped** **d)ate**

5- The underlined word 'His' refers to .....

a)the boy's parents **b)Karim** **c)Karim' parents** **d)the boy**

6- The Reader (Robinson Crusoe) :-

A- Put The events into the correct order

U.	Crusoe and Friday told stories, talked and laughed a lot.	
V.	Crusoe taught Friday to speak English.	
W.	Crusoe was really happy to have a friend.	
X.	Crusoe rescued the prisoner and called him Friday.	

B-Answer the following questions

1- How many prisoners did Crusoe save?

2- How was Crusoe after he saw a footprint on the beach?

3-Which language did Crusoe teach Friday ?

4- Why did Crusoe call the prisoner " Friday "?

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7- Choose the correct answer :

1- It's ten past eight. The eight o'clock train left ten minutes ……
a) just **b) ago** **c) since** **d) never**

2- It rained for two hours during the …… .
a) cloud **b) sink** **c) storm** **d) flood**

3- There are two books here. Which one …… to you ?
a) is **b) belongs** **c) gives** **d) takes**

4- Don't use water to put …… an electric fire.
a) off **b) on** **c) in** **d) out**

5- Omar has lived in El-Minya …… 2012.
a) for **b) at** **c) in** **d) since**

6- This cup is clean. I have…… washed it.
a) just **b) yet** **c) ever** **d) never**

7- I can't believe that. It isn't……
a) false **b) true** **c) untrue** **d) right**

8- My family has lived here …… ten years.
a) for **b) since** **c) already** **d) yet**

8- Read and correct the underlined word:

1- Shahd hasn't **visit** me for a week. (……)

2- I was **exciting** by the film (……)

3- Our teacher has been at this school **since** four years. (……)

4- Mai met her husband ten years **since**. (……)

9- A-Write a paragraph of 6

("A news report about an accident ")

There has been an accident in the desert. A tourist fell over and broke his ankle. Two of his friends carried him to the nearest village. Some people in the village drove him to a hospital. He told our reporter, " I would like to thank all the people who helped me."

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Unit 9 Communications إتصالات

Lesson 1,2

كلمات الحصة الأولى

١	letters	خطاب	٢	After that	بعد ذلك
٣	best way	أفضل طريقة	٤	electricity	كهرباء
٥	paper	ورق	٦	invention	اختراع
٧	envelope	ظرف	٨	communications	اتصالات
٩	skin	جلد	١٠	Local	محلي
١١	century	قرن	١٢	electronic	إليكتروني
١٣	pigeon	حمام	١٤	messenger	رسول
١٥	train	قطار	١٦	international	دولي
١٧	telegram	تلغراف	١٨	far away	بعيد
١٩	airmail	بريد جوي	٢٠	messages	رسالة

A -Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
use	يستخدم	used	used
invent	يخترع	invented	invented
communicate	يتصل	communicated	communicated
realise	يدرك	realised	realised
start	يبدأ	started	started
carry	يحمل	carried	carried

B- Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
send	يرسل	sent	sent
make	يصنع	made	made
begin	يبدأ	began	begun
fly	يطير	flew	flown
take	يأخذ	took	taken

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Confusing Words

post	بريد	⟷	past	ماضي
hobby	هواية	⟷	happy	سعيد
electronic	أليكتروني	⟷	electric	كهربي
reason	سبب	⟷	season	موسم

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

on foot	سيرا على الاقدام	made of	مصنوع من
In the ninth century	في القرن التاسع	by pigeon	بواسطة الحمام
far away	بعيداً	on a farm	في المزرعة
on tops of hills	حول رقبتهم	get messages	يستلم رسائل

Reading (The history of communications)

☒ In the past, people used to send a lot of letters because it was the best way to communicate with friends who were far away. They didn't use to send emails, like many people do today. How did they use to send these letters?

☒ People began to write letters after the Chinese invented paper in around 100 BCE. The first envelopes were made of animal skins. Messengers used to carry the envelopes to people on foot. In the ninth century, Egypt was one of the first places to send letters to other countries using messengers on horses.

☒ In Iraq, when people took pigeons to a place, they knew they would fly home again. In the 1100s, people realised that this was a good way to send messages, so it used to be popular to send letters by pigeon. The birds carried the letters around their necks.

☒ Communication did not get much quicker until 1832, when people began to use the post office to send letters. Trains then began to carry letters in the USA. In the 1850s, telegrams (short electronic letters) made international communication easier and quicker, and in 1917, planesstarted taking airmail letters all over the world.

☒ In 1972, American Ray Tomlinson invented e-mail. After that, anyone with a computer andthe internet could send and get messages quickly. Now people send more than 182 billion emails around the world every day.

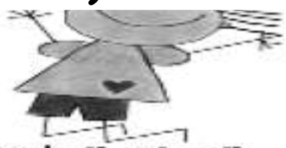
Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Choose the correct Answer

1. It's important to .... the importance of modern technology.
a) realise b) make c) have d) get
2. The invention of email helped people to communicate more ....
a) slowly b) early c) quickly d) lazily
3. In 1850......... made international communication easier and quicker.
a) cars b) camels c) emails d) telegrams
4. The first envelopes were made of animal ....
a) ears b) mouths c) necks d) skins
5. Trains began to .... letters in 1832.
a) make b)carry c) work d) visit
6. It was .... to send letters by pigeons.
a) bad b) popular c) clean d) quick
7. People began to write letters after the Chinese .... paper.
a) wrote b) invented c) read d) found



Used to
اعتاد ان



الجملة المثبتة:

الفاعل + used to + مصدر

★ He **used to play** football when he was young.



النفي:

الفاعل + didn't + use to + مصدر

★ I **didn't use to eat** burger when I was young.



السؤال:

Did + الفاعل + use to + مصدر?
اداة الاستفهام + did + use to + مصدر

★ **Did** he **use to read** books when he was child? ★ **What did** he **use to play** ten years ago?

****

احفظ المحادثات الاتية

A: **Did** he **use to read** books when he was child?
B: Yes, he did. **B:** No, he didn't.
A: **What did** he **use to do** when he was young?
B: He used to play football.

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Exercises For Now

1- Read and correct the underlined words:

1 - My sister **uses** to wear a hat when she was five. (.....)
2- Those two trees **don't** use to be as tall as they are now.(.....)
3- What **do** you use to do in the past? (.....)

2-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1 - They didn't ..... send emails, Like many people do today.
a)used b) used to c) use d) use to
2- How did they use to ..... these letters?
a) sent b) send c) sending d) sends
3- Messengers ..... to carry the envelopes to people by hand.
a) use b) using c) uses d) used
4- It used to ..... popular to send letters by pigeon.
a) is b) am c) be d) are
5- We used to live on a farm, but now we ..... in the city.
a) lived b) live c) lives d) Living
6- My parents didn't use to ..... a car, but now they always drive to the shops.
a) has b) had c) have d) having
7- I..... use to go to bed late when I was younger.
a) don't b) didn't c) doesn't d) isn't
8..... you use to go to the park when you were younger?
a) Do b) Did c) Does d) Are

Homework

1- Finish the following dialogue:

Magda and her mum are talking about their free time.

Magda : What did you ..... to do to spend your free time , mum?
Mum : We used to listen ..... the radio.
Magda : Didn't you use to use the ..... ?
Mum : No , in the past , there ..... any internet .

2-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. An email is a form of.....
a) correction b)communication c)electricity d)birds
2.With a computer and the internet, you could send and get.....quickly.
a)messengers b)messages c)pigeons d)horses

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مستر إسلام أحمد

3.Telegrams are short electronic.....
a) emails b)letters c)messengers d)Pigeons
4. Pigeons are flying.....
a) animals b)birds c)fish d)insects
5. Hany used to..... as an officer.
a)work b)works c)worked d)working
6. Hala didn't..... to like rice when she was young.
a) used b)use c)using d)uses
7.Where..... you use to live before you moved to Sharkia ?
a) do b)doing c)did d)does
8. I ..... use to play tennis when 1 was young.
a) wasn't b)don't c)didn't d)couldn't

3- Read and correct the underlined words:

1. Do you know who discovered email ? (.....)
2. I wasn't use to go to bed late when I was younger. (.....)
3. The email is a form of complication. (.....)
4- We use to play football when we were younger. (.....)

Lesson 3,4

كلمات الحصة الثانية

١	government	حكومة	٢	free time	وقت فراغ
٣	colourTV programme	برنامج تليفزيوني بالالوان	٤	social networking sites	مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي
٥	TV screens	شاشات التليفزيون	٦	directions	إتجاهات
٧	remote control	ريموت كنترول	٨	online	متصل بالنت
٩	website	موقع نت	١٠	reason	سبب
١١	survey	أحصائية	١٢	price	سعر
١٣	television channel	قناة تليفزيونيه	١٤	provide with	يزود بـــ
١٥	postcard	بطاقة بريدية	١٦	secondary	ثانوي
١٧	research	بحث	١٨	opening hours	ساعات بداية العمل
١٩	population	السكان	٢٠	amount	كمية
21	internet users	مستخدمي النت	٢٢	train timetable	مواعيد القطارات
٢٣	regularly	بانتظام	٢٤	tourist attractions	اماكن جذب سياحي
25	different	مختلف	26	picture	صورة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	التصريف الثالث
believe	يعتقد	believed	believed
talk	يتكلم	talked	talked
change	يغير	changed	changed
include	يشمل	included	included
search	يبحث	searched	searched

B -Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة

Present simple	مضارع بسيط	Past simple	تصرف ثالث
pay	يدفع	paid	paid
put	يضع	put	put
begin	يبدأ	began	begun
make	يصنع	made	made

Confusing Words

reason	سبب	⟷	season	سبب
hours	ساعات	⟷	ours	ملكنا
site	موقع	⟷	seat	مقعد
buy	يشتري	⟷	pay	يدفع مالاً
remote	بعيد	⟷	near	قريب

PREPOSITINS & EXPRESSIONS

similar to	مشابه لـ	pay for	يدفع لإجل
different from	مختلف عن	reason for	سبب لـ
communicate with	يتصل بـ	In the early 1900s	في بدايات القرن ٢٠
a quarter of Egypt's population		ربع سكان مصر	

listening

It's difficult to believe that people didn't use to watch TV! But in the early 1900s, there were no televisions in Egypt or any other country. When people were not working, they used to read, talk or play games. In some countries, people first had televisions about 90 years ago, but televisions were very different from today. Before 1935, the picture on a TV screen was smaller than a postcard I MostTV programmes were in black and white. In the 1940s, TV companies in the USA began to make colour programmes. However, colour TVs were very expensive, so most people who had televisions watched in black and white. Although Egypt had TVs in the 1960s, the country made its first colour TV programme in 1973.Televisions were different in those days. People used to have to walk to the TV to change channels or turn theTV on and off. Now. we usually use a remote control to do that.The first remote controls were made in 1948. The early remote control' couldn't change the channels, though. They could only make the picture; on the screen bigger or smaller. About ten years later, in 1955, the first remote control was made that is similar to the one we can use today.

The Internet

Fifteen years ago, only a very small number of people in Egypt were able to go online. This has now changed. About a quarter of Egypt^s population use the internet regularly, and this number is growing all the time, * Using the internet isn't as expensive in Egypt as in some other countries. This is because the government wants people to use it. * Websites can provide useful information about train timetable post office prices, etc.

* In a survey 23% of internet users in Egypr said they use their mobile phones to go online, Around 30% of internet users were secondary school and university students. * Social networking sites are the most popular reason for people to go online .Many people use these sites to communicate with their friends. * Many museums and tourist attractions put opening hours directions and other informationon social networking sites, * Other popular activities on the internet include watching films and videos, reading news and researching information..

Exercises On Vocabulary & Tapescript

1- Choose the correct answer :

1. ..... means why something happens.
a. Research b. Search c. Price d. Reason
2. How big were the first pictures on TV..... ?
a. screens b.legs c. boxes d.bags
3. I can't turn on the television because I can't find the.....
a. remote control b. radio c. screen d.TV
4. There are many tourist..... in Sharm El-Sheikh.
a. attractions b. functions c. actions d. introductions
5. The amount of money you have to pay for something is..... .
a. rice. b. price c. nice d. reason
6. To ..... is to find out information about something.
a. search b. research c. provide d. grow
7. Many young people like to communicate using ..... networking sites.
a. national b. local c. social d. international
8. The government..... people with what they need.
a. includes b. provides c. takes d. gives

Language Functions

reason — سبب

❑ The reason + for / why / (that) / to + جملة / + مصدر



✶ The **reason for** the disaster was engine failure, not human erro

✶ The **reason why** grass is green was a mystery to the little boy.

✶ The **reason (that)** I'm calling is to ask a favour.

✶ The police have good **reason to** believe that he is guilty.

cause — سبب



❑ The cause + of

✶ The police are still trying to know the **cause of** the fire.

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
مستر اسلام أحمد

Language Functions

Saying dates and times

التحدث عن التواريخ والأوقات

❑ In the 1900s	في التسعينات
❑ before / after 1973	قبل / بعد عام -----
❑ about 90 years ago	منذ حوالي ٩٠ عاماً
❑(about) ten years later, ...	بعد حوالي ١٠ سنوات

1-What was the first kind of electronic letter called ?
a) airmail b) telegram c) e-mail d) ordinary mail
2- Before planes , how did people send letters by air?
a) by planes b) by horses c) by pigeons d) by cars
3- Who used to carry letters in the past?
a) doctors b) teachers c) nurses d) messengers.

2- Listen to the following and answer the questions: (page 48)
1- What can websites provide information about?
2- How can people go online?
3- Who uses the internet?

3- Complete the following dialogue:
Magda : What did you -------- to do to spend your free time , mum?
Mum : We used to listen ---------- the radio.
Magda : Didn't you use to use the ----------?
Mum : No , in the past , there ---------- any internet .

4- Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:

1- Ahmed: How did people send letters by pigeons ?
Father :----------
Ahmed : It's a good idea.
2- Dina : ----------?
Grandmother:No , we didn't have computers in our houses in the past.

أهم الكلمات التي وردت في الوحدات 7,8,9 Review 3 &

١	swimmer	سباح	٢	prize	جائزة
٣	flood	فيضان	٤	weekend	نهاية الأسبوع
٥	documentary	فلم وثائقي	٦	ladder	سلم خشبي
٧	quiz show	برنامج مسابقات	٨	competition	منافسة
٩	programme	برنامج	١٠	episode	حلقة مسلسل
١١	postcard	بطاقة بريدية	١٢	science	علوم
١٣	research	بحث	١٤	comedy	كوميدي
١٥	population	السكان	١٦	funny	مضحك / مسلي
١٧	drowning	الغرق	١٨	online	متصل بالنت
١٩	earthquake	زلزال	٢٠	reason	سبب
٢١	electricity	كهرباء	٢٢	TV screens	شاشات التليفزيون
٢٣	invention	اختراع	٢٤	remote control	ريموت كنترول
25	skin	جلد	26	tribe	قبيلة
27	pigeon	حمام	28	Animal World	عالم الحيوان
29	accident	حادثة	30	amazing	مدهش
31	storm	عاصفة	32	cooker	بوتاجاز
33	calendar	تقويم	34	vapour	بخار ماء
35	neighbour	جار	36	survey	احصائية

امتحانات الورك بوك (7 , 8 , 9)

1- Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d

1 What does Amal want to watch?

a) a film **b)** a nature **c)** a comedy **d)** a documentary programme

2 Why does Injy not recommend the programme Amal wants?

a) She's never seen it. **b) It is not funny.**

c) It has just finished **d) She's seen it before**

3 What kind of programme do they agree to watch?

a) a nature programme **b)** a quiz show **c)**a comedy **d)**a documentary

Mr. Eslam Ahmed
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2- Complete the following dialogue

Kama! and Imad are discussing today's news.

Kamal : Have you heard what..... in the city today?
Imad : Yes, there was a fire in the new hotel.
Kamal : That's right. Is it ..... that some people were in rooms on the second floor?
Imad : Yes, they couldn't use the stairs. Firefighters used ladders to help them.
Kamal : I ..... about that.
Imad : They ..... that the firefighters were very brave.

3-Supply the missing parts in the following two mini- dialogues

1 **Omar** : Let's watch something on TV.
Nabil : OK.....
Omar : No, I wouldn't recommend it. it's not very funny.
2 ***Mona** :.....
Fatma : No, What happened to your sister?
Mona : She won a prize for writing an English poem.

4-Read the following, then answer the questions

To: Sameer **From**: Ali **Subject**: TV programme

Hi Sameer,

I am watching an interesting documentary on TV about toys. In the past, children only used to play with simple toys. Now, toy makers have invented some exciting new toys. The programme has just shown the newest toys that you can buy in Japan. The girl on TV now is very excited. She has just bought an amazing doll with a computer inside. ***It*** can run, walk, carry things and dance. There's another toy that can fly, but they haven't shown this one yet.
What are you doing now?
Ali

a. Answer the following questions:

1- What kind of TV programme is Ali watching?

2- What was different in the past?

3- Why is the girl on TV excited ?

4- What does the underlined It refer to?

a) a TV b) a computer c) a doll d) Japan

5 The programme..... the toy that can fly.

a) won't show **b**) has not yet shown **c**) has already shown **d**) shows

4-a. Put the events into the correct order

(.....)The dangerous men came to the island again with a prisoner who escaped.

(.....) With his telescope, Crusoe saw a large Spanish ship which was slowly sinking.

(.....) After Crusoe found the footprint on the beach, he didn't feel safe.

(.....) Crusoe saw the dangerous men who quickly left the island.

b. Answer the following questions

1- Why didn't Crusoe want Friday to be his slave?

2- What did Crusoe hear while he was walking on the hill?

3- Why do you think Crusoe taught Friday to speak English?

---

4 -Why do you think Crusoe found life difficult in England?

6- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d

1 -This cup is clean. I have ..... washed it,

a) just **b) yet** **c) ever** **d) never**

2- It is ten past eight. The eight o'clock train left ten minutes.....

a) past **b) ago** **c) to** **d) since**

3- Omar has lived in El Minya..... 2012.

a) for **b) at** **c) in** **d) since**

4 -Leila's mother..... be a teacher, but now she works in a bank.

a) is **b) use to** **c) use** **d) used to**

5- What..... is the news on, is it 1 or 2?

a) channel **b) television** **c) canal** **d) announcer**

6- Don't use water to put..... an electric fire.

a) on **b) off** **c) out** **d) in**

7- The window was very high so we used a..... to open it.

a) ladder **b) leather** **c) lid** **d) doll**

8- The ..... of computers is less than it used to be.

a) money **b) price** **c) much** **d) pounds**

7- Read and correct the underlined words

1- Science is a very **interested** subject. (.....)
2 Our teacher has been at this school **since** ten years. (.....)
3 I want to **encourage** dinosaurs on the internet to learn more about them. (.....)
4 That shirt is too expensive! Can you lower the **reason**, please? (.....)

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on

" Why you think that the internet is important"

I think the internet is the most important invention. It made communication much quicker. You can send emails all over the world quickly. Also, it helps us to have many friends in different countries. It helps students in their study. The internet made the world a small village.

Practise Test 3B

1- Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d

1- What type of programme is on TV tonight?
a) a nature programme **b)** the news **c)** a documentary **d)** a quiz show
2 -What is the programme about?
a) animals along the Nile **b)** the mountains and deserts of Egypt
c) a man's 6,000-kilometre walk **d.** tribes in Egypt
3- Which of the following did the man not have a problem with?
a) the people he met **b)** snakes and crocodiles
c) the temperature **d)** the sea animals

2- Complete the following dialogue

Dina and Sawsan are discussing what to watch tonight.

Dina :There's a film on TV tonight. ..... watch it.
Sawsan :Is it Meet my Cousins? I ..... like the sound of that.
Dina :What would like to watch, then, Sawsan?
Sawsan : I'd ..... watch the nature programme. It's about elephants. It ..... interesting.
Dina :I don't think I've seen that.
Sawsan : Great! You'll love it!

3-Supply the missing parts in the following two mini- dialogues

1- **Yehya** : How long have you lived in this house?

Khaled : .....

Yehya : Thirteen years? That's a long time!

2- **Zeinab** : Is it true that Sara is in hospital?

Randa : Yes..... She broke her leg.

Zeinab : Poor Sara!

4-Read the following, then answer the questions

People used pigeons to communicate hundreds of years ago. However, tour guides in Colorado, USA, are using pigeons today! The guides take photographs of the tourists who have travelled down an exciting river. They then use the pigeons to carry the cards from the cameras 30 kilometres down the river to their office, where they can print the photos. They used to take the cards from the cameras by car, but this took a long time. The pigeons take just 20 minutes. After the tourists have travelled back to the office, the photos are ready to see.

a. Answer the following questions:

1-Who uses pigeons in Colorado today?

2-What do the pigeons carry?

3-What did people use pigeons for hundreds of years ago?

4- ..... take a shorter time to take the cards to the office.

a .Pigeons b. Cars c. Tour guides d. Cameras

5-The tourists can..... when they return to the office.

a) see their photos b) meet the pigeons

c) print their photos d) take the pigeons

6-a. Put the following events into the correct order

(.....) Crusoe and Friday rescued the English captain and his two friends.

(.....) Crusoe found it difficult to live happily in England, so he decided to go to sea again.

(.....) One day, Crusoe was surprised to see an English ship.

(.....) Crusoe returned to England by the ship that the English captain gave to him.

b. Answer the following questions

1-Why did the English captain give Crusoe his ship?

2-How many children did Crusoe have?

3-Why do you think Crusoe lived happily on the island for a time with his three friends?

4- Why do you think Crusoe decided to return to the island from England?

7-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d

1-Have you done your English homework..... ?

a) just **b) yet** **c) never** **d) ever**

2- Fareeda is not hungry because she has..... had lunch.

a) yet **b) already** **c) never** **d) usually**

3-What did you..... watch on TV when you were younger?

a) use **b) use to** **c) used to** **d) used**

4-I..... like tennis, but now I love it.

a) not use to **b)** not used to **c)** didn't use to **d)** didn't used to

5-This programme is very ..... I always laugh when I watch it.

a) ferry **b) funny** **c) famous** **d) full**

6-The children all want to play with the new toy. They should take.....

a) times **b) tyres** **c) prices** **d) turns**

7-There is no water in this bottle. It is.....

a) empty **b) filled** **c) space** **d) full**

8-The class did a..... to find out how people travelled to school.

a) programme **b) survey** **c) telegram** **d) prize**

8-Read and correct the underlined words

1-The children are very **exciting** about going to the museum. (.....)

2-I'm hungry. I haven't had lunch **already**. (.....)

3-Our teacher **gave** us with all the information we needed to do our project. (.....)

4- Layali got a **rescue** for winning the race. (.....)

9-Write an email to your cousin on what you have already done today. Your name is Sameer(a) and you

كل عام وأنتم بخير
مع مفاجئات المراجعه النهائية
فقط مع مستر إسلام أحمد

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